# **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

 $\mathbf{X}$ 

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2012

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

Commission file number 1-10258

to

# Tredegar Corporation

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Virginia (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

1100 Boulders Parkway **Richmond**, Virginia (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

54-1497771 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

> 23225 (Zip Code)

> > X

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (804) 330-1000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $\boxtimes$  No  $\Box$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  $\boxtimes$  No  $\square$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer 

Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer  $\Box$  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

The number of shares of Common Stock, no par value, outstanding as of October 26, 2012: 32,119,948.

# PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

# Tredegar Corporation Consolidated Balance Sheets (In Thousands, Except Share Data) (Unaudited)

Current labilities         \$ 4,177         \$ 6,8,939           Accounts and other receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts and sales returns of \$3,143 in 2012 and \$3,539 in         95,666         98,027           Income taxes recoverable         -         2,552         1,000         -         2,552           Inventories         66,377         7,133         7,133         7,133           Prepaid expenses and other         7,173         7,800         744,076         745,076         75,727         756,071         75,724         75,724         75,724         75,724         75,724         75,724         75,724         75,724         75,724         <		September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Cash and cash equivalents       \$ 44,167       \$ 68,939         Accounts and other receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts and sales returns of \$3,143 in 2012 and \$3,539 in 12,000       95,666       98,027         Income taxes recoverable        25,920         Inventories       66,437       7,133         Prepaid expenses and other       7,140       7,800         Total current assets       219,720       245,666         Property, plant and equipment, at cost       744,076       745,762         Less accumulated depreciation       206,230       252,274         Other assets       223,632       225,224         GoodWill and other intangibles, net       214,4477       223,432         Other assets       67,290       54,041         Total assets       737,881       \$ 787,682         Labilities and Shareholders' Equity       214,477       223,432         Other assets and deferred charges       67,290       54,041         Total assets       1,352          Accounts payable       1,353       41,997         Income tax payable       3,531       41,997         Income tax payable       38,000       125,000         Deferred income taxes       68,989       70,754	Assets		
Accounts and other receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts and sales returns of \$3,143 in 2012 and \$3,539 in 2012 and \$5,750 in 2012 and \$5,7	Current assets:		
2011     95,666     98,027       Income taxes recoverable		\$ 44,167	\$ 68,939
Income taxes recoverable         —         2,592           Inventories         66,272         61,292           Inventories         66,272         61,292           Inventories         66,272         61,292           Inventories         66,272         61,292           Prepaid expenses and other         7,178         7,880           Total current assets         744,076         745,762           Less accumulated depreciation         507,682         488,488           Net property, plant and equipment         236,394         257,274           Codwill and other intangibles, net         214,477         223,432           Other assets         67,290         54,041           Total assets         67,290         54,041           Total assets         67,290         54,041           Total assets         68,379         \$         73,742           Accrune familities:         113,762         115,739           Income tax payable         1,852         -         113,762         115,739           Long-term debt         68,989         70,754         30,983         383,703         \$         73,742           Comminents and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)         30,983         30,983 <t< td=""><td></td><td>95 666</td><td>98 027</td></t<>		95 666	98 027
Inventories         66,272         61,290           Deferred income taxes         6,437         7,133           Prepaid expenses and other         7,178         7,880           Total current assets         219,720         245,863           Property, plant and equipment, at cost         744,076         745,762           Less accumulated depreciation         507,682         488,488           Net property, plant and equipment         236,394         257,274           Goodwill and other intangibles, net         214,477         223,332           Other assets and deferred charges         67,290         544,041           Total assets         573,7881         578,07682           Current liabilities:         573,7881         578,078         578,078           Accrued expenses         43,531         41,997           Income tax payable         118,52            Total current liabilities         80,000         125,000           Deferred income taxes         68,939         70,742           Congress         68,939         70,745           Charle coment taxes         68,939         70,745           Congress         43,531         41,997           Income taxpayable         18,52 </td <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td>		,	
Deferred income taxes         6,437         7,135           Prepaid expenses and other         7,178         7,880           Total current assets         219,720         245,863           Property, plant and equipment, at cost         507,662         488,488           Net property, plant and equipment         236,394         257,274           Goodwill and other intangibles, net         214,477         223,432           Other assets and deferred charges         67,290         54,041           Total assets         67,290         57,074           Accounts payable         \$ 73,788         \$ 70,788           Accounts payable         \$ 68,379         \$ 73,742           Accounts payable         \$ 68,379         \$ 73,742           Accounts payable         \$ 68,379         \$ 73,742           Income tax payable         \$ 68,379         \$ 73,742           Deferred income taxes         68,989         70,753           Other noncurrent liabilities         113,762         115,739           Long-term debt         68,232         72,210           Total current liabilities         30,903         383,703           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at Deceember 31, 2011)         16,168 <t< td=""><td></td><td>66.272</td><td></td></t<>		66.272	
Prepaid expenses and other         7,178         7,880           Total current assets         219,720         225,863           Property, plant and equipment, at cost         507,662         488,488           Net property, plant and equipment         236,394         257,274           Goodwill and other intangibles, net         214,477         223,432           Other assets and deferred charges         67,229         54,041           Total assets         \$ 737,881         \$ 780,610           Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity         \$ 737,881         \$ 780,610           Current liabilities:         \$ 737,881         \$ 737,821         \$ 737,821           Accounts payable         \$ 68,379         \$ 73,742           Accounte payable         1,852            Total current liabilities         113,762         115,739           Long-term debt         60,000         125,000         125,000           Deferred income taxes         68,989         70,754           Other noncurrent liabilities         330,983         383,703           Commoins tock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)         16,168         14,357           Common stock, hol par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012		)	,
Total current assets         219,720         245,863           Property, plant and equipment, at cost         745,762         488,488           Net property, plant and equipment         236,394         257,274           Goodwill and other intangibles, net         214,477         223,432           Other assets and deferred charges         67,290         54,041           Total assets         5 737,881         \$ 737,742           Accounts payable         1,852         -         -         -         Total current liabilities         113,762         115,739           Long-term debt         80,000         125,000         80,000         125,000         125,000         125,000         125,000         125,000         125,000         125,000         125,000         125,000	Prepaid expenses and other		7,880
Less accumulated depreciation         507,682         488,488           Net property, plant and equipment         236,394         257,274           Goodwill and other intangibles, net         214,477         223,432           Other assets and deferred charges         67,290         54,041           Total assets         § 737,881         § 780,610           Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity         \$ 737,881         § 73,742           Current liabilities:         *         *           Accounts payable         1,852         -           Accounts payable         1,852         -           Total current liabilities         113,762         115,739           Long-term debt         80,000         125,000           Deferred income taxes         68,939         70,742           Other noncurrent liabilities         330,983         383,703           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)         16,168         14,353           Common stock held in trust for savings restoration plan         (1,351)         (1,343           Foreign currency translation adjustment         818         11,633           Goodwill add other postretimenet benefit adjustments         (87,040,007           Common stock,		219,720	245,863
Less accumulated depreciation         507,682         488,488           Net property, plant and equipment         236,394         257,274           Goodwill and other intangibles, net         214,477         223,432           Other assets and deferred charges         67,290         54,041           Total assets         § 737,881         § 780,610           Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity         \$ 737,881         § 73,742           Current liabilities:         *         *           Accounts payable         1,852         -           Accounts payable         1,852         -           Total current liabilities         113,762         115,739           Long-term debt         80,000         125,000           Deferred income taxes         68,939         70,742           Other noncurrent liabilities         330,983         383,703           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)         16,168         14,353           Common stock held in trust for savings restoration plan         (1,351)         (1,343           Foreign currency translation adjustment         818         11,633           Goodwill add other postretimenet benefit adjustments         (87,040,007           Common stock,	Property, plant and equipment, at cost	744.076	745,762
Net property, plant and equipment         236,394         257,274           Goodwill and other intangibles, net         214,477         223,432           Other assets and deferred charges         67,290         54,041           Total assets         \$ 737,881         \$ 780,610           Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity         5         787,742           Current liabilities:         \$ 68,379         \$ 737,742           Accounts payable         \$ 68,379         \$ 737,742           Accounte axpayable         1,852            Total current liabilities         113,762         115,739           Long-term debt         80,000         125,000           Deferred income taxes         68,989         70,754           Other noncurrent liabilities         68,232         72,210           Total liabilities         68,232         72,210           Total liabilities         330,983         383,703           Commits and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)         330,983         383,703           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)         16,168         14,357           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)         113,162		507,682	488,488
Goodwill and other intangibles, net         214,477         223,432           Other assets and deferred charges         67,290         54,041           Total assets         \$ 737,881         \$ 780,610           Liabulities and Shareholders' Equity          \$ 737,781         \$ 780,610           Current liabilities:           \$ 737,742         \$ 737,742           Accrued expenses         43,531         41,997         1.052            Total current liabilities         1.852          113,762         115,709           Long-term debt         80,000         125,000         125,000         125,000           Deferred income taxes         68,989         70,754         330,993         383,703           Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)         330,993         383,703         330,993         383,703           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)         16,168         14,357           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)         16,168         14,357           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)         113,433         16,168		236,394	257,274
Other assets and deferred charges         67,290         54,041           Total assets         \$ 737,881         \$ 780,610           Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity         -         -           Current liabilities:         -         -           Accounts payable         \$ 68,379         \$ 73,742           Accounts payable         43,531         41,997           Income tax payable         1,852         -           Total current liabilities         113,762         115,739           Long-term debt         80,000         125,000           Deferred income taxes         68,989         70,744           Other anoncurrent liabilities         68,232         72,210           Total liabilities         68,232         72,210           Total liabilities         330,983         338,703           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at         -           December 31, 2011)         16,168         14,357           Common stock, hole in trust for savings restoration plan         (1,351)         (1,343)           Foreign currency translation adjustment         818         11,693           Gain (loss) on drivative financial instruments         870         (406           Pen			
Total assets         \$ 737,881         \$ 780,610           Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			54,041
Current liabilities:       \$ 68,379       \$ 73,742         Accounts payable       \$ 68,379       \$ 73,742         Accrued expenses       43,531       41,997         Income tax payable       1,852       —         Total current liabilities       113,762       115,739         Long-term debt       80,000       125,000         Deferred income taxes       68,989       70,754         Other noncurrent liabilities       68,232       72,210         Total liabilities       68,232       72,210         Total liabilities       330,983       383,703         Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)       330,983       383,703         Shareholders' equity:			\$ 780,610
Current liabilities:       \$ 68,379       \$ 73,742         Accounts payable       \$ 68,379       \$ 73,742         Accrued expenses       43,531       41,997         Income tax payable       1,852       —         Total current liabilities       113,762       115,739         Long-term debt       80,000       125,000         Deferred income taxes       68,989       70,754         Other noncurrent liabilities       68,232       72,210         Total liabilities       68,232       72,210         Total liabilities       330,983       383,703         Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)       330,983       383,703         Shareholders' equity:	Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Accrued expenses       43,531       41,997         Income tax payable       1,852          Total current liabilities       113,762       115,739         Long-term debt       80,000       125,000         Deferred income taxes       68,989       70,754         Other noncurrent liabilities       68,232       72,210         Total liabilities       68,232       72,210         Total liabilities       330,983       383,703         Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)       330,983       383,703         Shareholders' equity:	Current liabilities:		
Income tax payable         1,852         —           Total current liabilities         113,762         115,739           Long-term debt         80,000         125,000           Deferred income taxes         68,989         70,754           Other noncurrent liabilities         68,232         72,210           Total liabilities         68,232         72,210           Total liabilities         330,983         383,703           Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)         Shareholders' equity:         —           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)         16,168         14,357           Common stock hold in trust for savings restoration plan         (1,351)         (1,343)           Foreign currency translation adjustment         818         11,693           Gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments         870         (406           Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments         (85,854)         (90,672           Retained earnings         476,247         463,278           Total shareholders' equity         406,898         396,907	Accounts payable	\$ 68,379	\$ 73,742
Total current liabilities         113,762         115,739           Long-term debt         80,000         125,000           Deferred income taxes         68,989         70,754           Other noncurrent liabilities         68,232         72,210           Total liabilities         68,232         72,210           Shareholders' equity:         330,983         383,703           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at         16,168         14,357           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at         16,168         14,357           Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at         16,168         14,357           Common stock held in trust for savings restoration plan         (1,351)         (1,343           Foreign currency translation adjustment         818         11,693           Gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments         870         (406           Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments         (85,854)         (90,672           Retained earnings         476,247         463,278           Total shareholders' equity         406,898         396,907	Accrued expenses	43,531	41,997
Long-term debt80,000125,000Deferred income taxes68,98970,754Other noncurrent liabilities68,23272,210Total liabilities330,983383,703Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)330,983383,703Shareholders' equity: Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)16,16814,357Common stock held in trust for savings restoration plan(1,351)(1,343)16,163Foreign currency translation adjustment81811,69311,693Gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments870(406Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments(85,854)(90,672)Retained earnings476,247463,278Total shareholders' equity406,898396,907	Income tax payable	1,852	
Deferred income taxes68,98970,754Other noncurrent liabilities68,23272,210Total liabilities330,983383,703Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)330,983383,703Shareholders' equity: Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)16,16814,357Common stock held in trust for savings restoration plan(1,351)(1,343)Foreign currency translation adjustment81811,693Gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments870(406)Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments(85,854)(90,672)Retained earnings476,247463,278Total shareholders' equity406,898396,907	Total current liabilities	113,762	115,739
Deferred income taxes68,98970,754Other noncurrent liabilities68,23272,210Total liabilities330,983383,703Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)330,983383,703Shareholders' equity: Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)16,16814,357Common stock held in trust for savings restoration plan(1,351)(1,343)Foreign currency translation adjustment81811,693Gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments870(406)Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments(85,854)(90,672)Retained earnings476,247463,278Total shareholders' equity406,898396,907	Long-term debt	80,000	125,000
Total liabilities330,983383,703Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)Shareholders' equity: Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)16,16816,16814,357Common stock held in trust for savings restoration plan(1,351)(1,351)(1,343)Foreign currency translation adjustment81811,6936ain (loss) on derivative financial instruments870Cain loss) on derivative financial instruments(85,854)Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments(85,854)Cotal shareholders' equity406,898	Deferred income taxes	68,989	70,754
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)Shareholders' equity: Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)16,16814,357Common stock held in trust for savings restoration plan(1,351)Common stock held in trust for savings restoration plan81811,693Gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments870Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments(85,854)Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments476,247Total shareholders' equity406,898	Other noncurrent liabilities	68,232	72,210
Shareholders' equity:Image: Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)Image: Common stock held in trust for savings restoration planImage: Common st	Total liabilities	330,983	383,703
Shareholders' equity:Image: Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at December 31, 2011)Image: Common stock held in trust for savings restoration planImage: Common st	Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 3 and 12)		
December 31, 2011)16,16814,357Common stock held in trust for savings restoration plan(1,351)(1,343)Foreign currency translation adjustment81811,693Gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments870(406)Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments(85,854)(90,672)Retained earnings476,247463,278Total shareholders' equity406,898396,907	Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock held in trust for savings restoration plan(1,351)(1,343)Foreign currency translation adjustment81811,693Gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments870(406)Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments(85,854)(90,672)Retained earnings476,247463,278Total shareholders' equity406,898396,907	Common stock, no par value (issued and outstanding - 32,122,794 at September 30, 2012 and 32,057,281 at		
Foreign currency translation adjustment81811,693Gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments870(406Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments(85,854)(90,672Retained earnings476,247463,278Total shareholders' equity406,898396,907		16,168	14,357
Gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments870(406Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments(85,854)(90,672Retained earnings476,247463,278Total shareholders' equity406,898396,907		(1,351)	(1,343)
Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments(85,854)(90,672Retained earnings476,247463,278Total shareholders' equity406,898396,907			11,693
Retained earnings         476,247         463,278           Total shareholders' equity         406,898         396,907			(406)
Total shareholders' equity406,898396,907	-		(90,672)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity\$ 737,881\$ 780,610			396,907
	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 737,881	\$ 780,610

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Tredegar Corporation Consolidated Statements of Income (In Thousands, Except Per Share Data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30		d September 30 Ended Sep	
Revenues and other items:	2012	2011	2012	2011
Sales	\$218,809	\$202,590	\$652,120	\$595,080
Other income (expense), net	2,939	1,334	8,154	1,957
ould monie (espense), see	221,748	203,924	660,274	597,037
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of goods sold	173,814	164,771	526,471	489,754
Freight	6,130	4,636	17,404	13,377
Selling, general and administrative	16,237	17,926	55,112	49,335
Research and development	3,429	3,298	10,163	10,042
Amortization of intangibles	1,305	130	4,047	388
Interest expense	708	367	2,732	1,083
Asset impairments and costs associated with exit and disposal activities	937	193	3,151	1,277
Total	202,560	191,321	619,080	565,256
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	19,188	12,603	41,194	31,781
Income taxes from continuing operations	4,661	(133)	11,516	6,329
Income from continuing operations	14,527	12,736	29,678	25,452
Loss from discontinued operations	(7,100)		(11,900)	(345)
Net income	\$ 7,427	\$ 12,736	\$ 17,778	\$ 25,107
Earnings (loss) per share:				
Basic				
Continuing operations	\$.45	\$.40	\$.93	\$.80
Discontinued operations	(.22)		(.37)	(.01)
Net income	\$.23	\$.40	\$.56	\$.79
Diluted				
Continuing operations	\$.45	\$.40	\$.92	\$.79
Discontinued operations	(.22)		(.37)	(.01)
Net income	\$.23	\$.40	\$.55	\$.78
Shares used to compute earnings per share:				
Basic	32,052	31,952	32,038	31,918
Diluted	32,101	32,060	32,198	32,175
Dividends per share	\$.060	\$.045	\$.150	\$.135

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Tredegar Corporation Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (In Thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three M Ended Sep	
	2012	2011
Net income	\$ 7,427	\$12,736
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation adjustment:		
Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustment (net of tax of \$546 in 2012 and tax benefit of \$2,310 in 2011)	420	(4,307)
Reclassification adjustment of foreign currency translation gain included in income (net of tax of \$1,497 in 2011)		(2,781)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	420	(7,088)
Derivative financial instruments adjustment (net of tax of \$904 in 2012 and a tax benefit of \$202 in 2011)	1,523	(330)
Amortization of prior service costs and net gains or losses (net of tax of \$899 in 2012 and \$509 in 2011)	1,556	905
Other comprehensive income (loss)	3,499	(6,513)
Comprehensive income	\$10,926	\$ 6,223
	Nine M Ended Sept 2012	
Net income	Ended Sept	ember 30
	Ended Sept 2012	2011 2011
	Ended Sept 2012	2011 2011
Other comprehensive income (loss): Foreign currency translation adjustment: Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustment (net of tax of \$218 in 2012 and \$557 in 2011)	Ended Sept 2012	2011 2011
	Ended Sept 2012 \$ 17,778	<u>ember 30</u> 2011 \$25,107 1,001
Other comprehensive income (loss): Foreign currency translation adjustment: Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustment (net of tax of \$218 in 2012 and \$557 in 2011)	Ended Sept 2012 \$ 17,778	<u>ember 30</u> 2011 \$25,107 1,001 (2,781)
Other comprehensive income (loss): Foreign currency translation adjustment: Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustment (net of tax of \$218 in 2012 and \$557 in 2011) Reclassification adjustment of foreign currency translation gain included in income (net of tax of \$1,497 in 2011)	Ended Sept 2012 \$ 17,778 (10,875)	2011 \$25,107
Other comprehensive income (loss): Foreign currency translation adjustment: Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustment (net of tax of \$218 in 2012 and \$557 in 2011) Reclassification adjustment of foreign currency translation gain included in income (net of tax of \$1,497 in 2011) Foreign currency translation adjustment	Ended Sept 2012 \$ 17,778 (10,875)  (10,875)	1,001 (1,780) (1,780)
Other comprehensive income (loss): Foreign currency translation adjustment: Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustment (net of tax of \$218 in 2012 and \$557 in 2011) Reclassification adjustment of foreign currency translation gain included in income (net of tax of \$1,497 in 2011) Foreign currency translation adjustment Derivative financial instruments adjustment (net of tax of \$752 in 2012 and a tax benefit of \$336 in 2011)	Ended Sept 2012 \$ 17,778 (10,875)  (10,875) 1,276	1,001 (2,781) (1,780) (546)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Tredegar Corporation Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In Thousands) (Unaudited)

	Nine M Ended Sep	tember 30
Cash flows from operating activities:	2012	2011
Net income	\$ 17,778	\$ 25,107
Adjustments for noncash items:		
Depreciation	34,470	32,139
Amortization of intangibles	4,047	388
Deferred income taxes	(2,828)	448
Accrued pension and postretirement benefits	6,258	1,861
Gain on investment accounted for under the fair value method	(9,000)	_
Loss on asset impairments and divestitures	1,942	798
Gain on disposal of assets	(303)	(1,205)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and divestitures:		
Accounts and other receivables	1,652	(14,186)
Inventories	(6,319)	7,419
Income taxes recoverable/payable	4,122	(3,255)
Prepaid expenses and other	1,783	715
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	565	675
Other, net	(4,606)	(2,170)
Net cash provided by operating activities	49,561	48,734
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(20,638)	(11,235)
Acquisition, net of cash acquired	(3,311)	
Proceeds from the sale of assets and property disposals	1,141	1,622
Net cash used in investing activities	(22,808)	(9,613)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Debt principal payments and financing costs	(46,354)	(89)
Dividends paid	(4,817)	(4,319)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	125	709
Net cash used in financing activities	(51,046)	(3,699)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(479)	790
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(24,772)	36,212
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	68,939	73,191
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 44,167	\$109,403

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Tredegar Corporation Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity (In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Data) (Unaudited)

					ccumulated Othe ehensive Income	(Loss)	
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Trust for Savings Restoration Plan	Foreign Currency Translation	Gain (Loss) on Derivative Financial Instruments	Pension & Other Post- retirement Benefit Adjust.	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance December 31, 2011	\$14,357	\$463,278	\$ (1,343)	\$ 11,693	\$ (406)	\$(90,672)	\$ 396,907
Net income		17,778					17,778
Foreign currency translation adjustment (net of tax of \$218)	_		—	(10,875)			(10,875)
Derivative financial instruments adjustment (net of tax of \$752)		—	—		1,276		1,276
Amortization of prior service costs and net gains or losses (net of tax of \$2,784)	_	_			_	4,818	4,818
Cash dividends declared (\$.15 per share)		(4,817)					(4,817)
Stock-based compensation expense	2,040	—			—		2,040
Issued upon exercise of stock options (including related income tax benefits of \$83) & other	(229)	_	_	_	_	_	(229)
Tredegar common stock purchased by trust for savings restoration plan		8	(8)				
Balance September 30, 2012	\$16,168	\$476,247	\$ (1,351)	\$ 818	\$ 870	\$(85,854)	\$ 406,898

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### TREDEGAR CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

- 1. In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Tredegar Corporation and Subsidiaries ("Tredegar," "we," "us" or "our") contain all adjustments necessary to state fairly, in all material respects, Tredegar's consolidated financial position as of September 30, 2012, the consolidated results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, the consolidated cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, and the consolidated changes in shareholders' equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. All such adjustments, unless otherwise detailed in the notes to the consolidated interim financial statements, are deemed to be of a normal, recurring nature. The financial position data as of December 31, 2011 that is included herein was derived from the audited consolidated financial statements provided in our Annual Report on Form 10-K ("2011 Form 10-K") for the year ended December 31, 2011 but does not include all disclosures required by United States generally accepted accounting principles. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our 2011 Form 10-K. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.
- 2. On October 14, 2011, TAC Holdings, LLC (the "Buyer") and Tredegar Film Products Corporation, which are indirect and direct, respectively, whollyowned subsidiaries of Tredegar, entered into a Membership Interest Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with Gaucho Holdings, B.V. (the "Seller"), an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Vision Capital Partners VII LP ("Vision Capital"). On October 24, 2011, under the terms of the Purchase Agreement, the Buyer acquired from the Seller 100% of the outstanding equity interests of Terphane Holdings LLC ("Terphane").

Terphane operates manufacturing facilities in Cabo de Santo Agostinho, Brazil and Bloomfield, New York. It is a producer of thin polyester films in Latin America with a growing presence in strategic niches in the U.S. Polyester films have specialized properties, such as heat resistance and barrier protection, that make them uniquely suited for the fast-growing flexible packaging market. We expect that the acquisition of Terphane will allow us to extend our product offerings into adjacent specialty films markets and to expand in Latin America.

As of December 31, 2011, the purchase price allocation was preliminary, subject to adjustments for certain terms and conditions under the Purchase Agreement. In the first quarter of 2012, all post-closing adjustments to the purchase price were resolved. Adjustments to the purchase price were made retrospectively as if the accounting had been completed on the acquisition date.

Upon completing these post-closing adjustments, which were primarily related to working capital transferred, the total purchase price (net of cash acquired) was \$182.7 million, \$3.3 million of which was paid during the first quarter of 2012. The purchase price was funded using available cash (net of cash received) of approximately \$57.7 million and financing of \$125 million secured from Tredegar's revolving credit facility.

Based upon management's valuation of the fair value of tangible and intangible assets acquired (net of cash acquired) and liabilities assumed, the purchase price has been allocated as follows:

\$ 14,321
23,437
86,963
32,600
14,700
9,400
2,300
3,680
(17,471)
(12,216)
(38,167)
119,547
182,761
\$ 63,214

None of the goodwill or other intangible assets will be deductible for tax purposes. Intangible assets acquired in the purchase of Terphane are being amortized over the following periods:

Identifiable Intangible Asset	Useful Life (Yrs)
Customer relationships	12
Proprietary technology	10
Trade names	Indefinite
Noncompete agreements	2

The financial position and results of operations for Terphane have been consolidated with Tredegar subsequent to October 24, 2011. For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012, the consolidated results of operations included sales of \$36.0 million and \$105.4 million, respectively, and net income of \$5.7 million and \$11.8 million, respectively, related to Terphane. The following unaudited supplemental pro forma data presents our consolidated revenues and earnings as if the acquisition of Terphane had been consummated on January 1, 2011. The pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of our consolidated revenues and earnings if the acquisition and related borrowing had been consummated on January 1, 2011. Unaudited results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 and supplemental unaudited pro forma results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 and supplemental unaudited pro forma results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 and supplemental unaudited pro forma results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 and supplemental unaudited pro forma results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 and supplemental unaudited pro forma results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 and supplemental unaudited pro forma results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 and supplemental unaudited pro forma results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 are as follows:

		Three Months Ended September 30			Nine Month Ended Septembe			30
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)	2	012	2	2011	2	012		2011
Sales	\$21	8,809	\$23	36,097	\$65	2,120	\$7	16,939
Income from continuing operations	1	4,527	1	8,959	2	9,678	4	45,240
Earnings per share from continuing operations:								
Basic	\$	.45	\$	.59	\$	.93	\$	1.42
Diluted		.45		.59		.92		1.41

The supplemental unaudited pro forma amounts reflect the application of the following adjustments in order to present the consolidated results as if the acquisition and related borrowing had occurred on January 1, 2011:

- Adjustment for additional depreciation and amortization expense associated with the adjustments to property, plant and equipment, and intangible
  assets associated with purchase accounting;
- Additional interest expense and financing fees associated with borrowing arrangements used to fund the acquisition of Terphane and the elimination
  of historical interest expense associated with historical borrowings of Terphane that were not assumed by Tredegar;
- Adjustments related to the elimination of foreign currency remeasurement gains associated with long-term borrowings that were not assumed by Tredegar;
- · Adjustments to eliminate transaction-related expenses associated with the October 2011 purchase of Terphane by Tredegar; and
- Adjustments for the estimated net income tax benefit associated with the previously described adjustments.

On October 1, 2012, The William L. Bonnell Company acquired 100% ownership of AACOA, Inc. ("AACOA"). The purchase price of \$50.8 million, which is subject to certain post-closing adjustments, was funded using financing secured from our existing \$350 million revolving credit facility.

AACOA operates production facilities in Elkhart, Indiana and Niles, Michigan. Its primary markets include consumer durables, machinery and equipment and transportation. The acquisition will add fabrication capabilities to Aluminum Extrusions' current array of products and services while providing AACOA with large press capabilities and enhanced geographic sales coverage in a variety of end-use markets.

3. Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other charges are shown in the net sales and operating profit by segment table in Note 10, and unless otherwise noted below, are also included in "Asset impairments and costs associated with exit and disposal activities" in the consolidated statements of income.

Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other charges in the third quarter of 2012 include:

- Net pretax charge of \$0.7 million associated with the shutdown of the aluminum extrusions manufacturing facility in Kentland, Indiana, which includes accelerated depreciation for property, plant and equipment of \$0.6 million (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income), severance and other employee related expenses of \$0.2 million and other shutdown-related charges of \$0.7 million, partially offset by adjustments to inventories accounted for under the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method of \$0.5 million (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income) and gains on the sale of equipment of \$0.3 million (included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income);
- Pretax charges of \$0.3 million for acquisition-related expenses (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statement of income) associated with the acquisition of AACOA by Aluminum Extrusions; and
- Pretax charges of \$0.1 million for integration-related expenses and other non-recurring transactions (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statements of income) associated with the acquisition of Terphane by Film Products.

Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other charges in the first nine months of 2012 include:

- Net pretax charge of \$2.7 million associated with the shutdown of the aluminum extrusions manufacturing facility in Kentland, Indiana, which includes accelerated depreciation for property, plant and equipment of \$2.4 million (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income), severance and other employee related expenses of \$1.2 million and other shutdown-related charges of \$0.9 million, partially offset by adjustments to inventories accounted for under the LIFO method of \$1.5 million (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income) and gains on the sale of equipment of \$0.3 million (included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income);
- Pretax charges of \$1.0 million for integration-related expenses and other non-recurring transactions (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statements of income) associated with the acquisition of Terphane by Film Products;
- Pretax loss of \$0.8 million for asset impairments associated with a previously shutdown film products manufacturing facility in LaGrange, Georgia;
- Pretax charges of \$0.3 million for acquisition-related expenses (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statement of income) associated with the acquisition of AACOA by Aluminum Extrusions; and
- Pretax charges of \$0.3 million for severance and other employee-related costs in connection with restructurings in Film Products (\$71,000) and Aluminum Extrusions (\$0.2 million).

Results in the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 include an unrealized gain from the write-up of an investment accounted for under the fair value method (included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income) of \$2.7 million (\$1.7 million after taxes) and \$9.0 million (\$5.7 million after taxes), respectively. An unrealized loss (included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income and "Corporate expenses, net" in the statement of net sales and operating profit by segment) on our investment in Harbinger Capital Partners Special Situations Fund, L.P. ("Harbinger") of \$1.1 million (\$0.7 million after tax) was recorded in the first quarter of 2012 as a result of a reduction in the fair value of our investment that is not expected to be temporary. See Note 7 for additional information on investments.

Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other items in the third quarter of 2011 include:

- Pretax charges of \$2.3 million for acquisition-related expenses (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statements of income) associated with the acquisition of Terphane by Film Products;
- Pretax gain of \$1.0 million on the divestiture of our film products business in Roccamontepiano, Italy (included in "Other income (expenses), net" in the consolidated statements of income), which includes the recognition of previously unrealized foreign currency translation gains of \$4.3 million that were associated with the business;
- Pretax charges of \$0.2 million for severance and other employee-related costs in connection with restructurings in Film Products; and
- Pretax losses of \$43,000 for timing differences between the recognition of realized losses on aluminum futures contracts and related revenues from the delayed fulfillment by customers of fixed-price forward purchase commitments (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income).

Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other items in the first nine months of 2011 include:

- Pretax charges of \$2.3 million for acquisition-related expenses (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statements of income) associated with the acquisition of Terphane by Film Products;
- Pretax gain of \$1.0 million on the divestiture of our film products business in Roccamontepiano, Italy (included in "Other income (expenses), net" in the consolidated statements of income), which includes the recognition of previously unrealized foreign currency translation gains of \$4.3 million that were associated with the business;
- Pretax charges of \$0.8 million for asset impairments in Film Products;
- Pretax charges of \$0.5 million for severance and other employee-related costs in connection with restructurings in Film Products; and
- Pretax gains of \$19,000 for timing differences between the recognition of realized losses on aluminum futures contracts and related revenues from the delayed fulfillment by customers of fixed-price forward purchase commitments (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income).

On February 12, 2008, we sold our aluminum extrusions business in Canada for approximately \$25.0 million to an affiliate of H.I.G. Capital. All historical results for this business have been reflected as discontinued operations; however, cash flows for discontinued operations have not been separately disclosed in the consolidated statements of cash flows. Accruals of \$11.9 million (\$11.9 million net of tax) were made for indemnifications under the purchase agreement related to environmental matters in 2012 (\$7.1 million in the third quarter of 2012). Accruals of \$4.4 million (\$4.4 million after tax) were made in 2011 (none in the third quarter of 2011) for indemnifications under the purchase agreement related to environmental matters.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of accrued expenses associated with asset impairments and exit and disposal activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 is as follows:

		Long-Lived Asset		
(In Thousands)	Severance	Impairments	Other	Total
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$ 197	\$	\$ —	\$ 197
Changes in 2012:				
Charges	1,433	834	832	3,099
Cash spent	(1,113)		(832)	(1,945)
Charged against assets	_	(834)		(834)
Reversed to income	(46)			(46)
Balance at September 30, 2012	\$ 471	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 471

4. On April 23, 2012, we entered into a \$350 million five-year, unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Credit Agreement"), with an option to increase that amount by an additional \$75 million. The Credit Agreement replaced our previous \$300 million four-year, unsecured revolving credit facility that was due to expire on June 21, 2014. In connection with the refinancing, we borrowed \$102 million under the Credit Agreement, which was used, together with available cash on hand, to repay all indebtedness under our previous revolving credit facility.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear an interest rate of LIBOR plus a credit spread and commitment fees charged on the unused amount under the Credit Agreement at various indebtedness-to-adjusted EBITDA levels as follows:

Pricing Under Revolving Credit Agreement (Basis Points)

	Credit Spread	Commitment
Indebtedness-to-Adjusted EBITDA Ratio	Over LIBOR	Fee
> 2.0x but <= 3.0x	200	35
> 1.0x but <=2.0x	175	30
<= 1.0x	150	25

The most restrictive covenants in the Credit Agreement include:

- Maximum indebtedness-to-adjusted EBITDA of 3.0x;
- Minimum adjusted EBIT-to-interest expense of 2.5x;
- Maximum aggregate distributions to shareholders over the term of the Credit Agreement of \$100 million plus, beginning with the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2012, 50% of net income; and
- Minimum shareholders' equity at any point during the term of the Credit Agreement of at least \$320 million increased on a cumulative basis at the end of each fiscal quarter, beginning with the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2012, by an amount equal to 50% of net income (to the extent positive).
- 5. The components of inventories were as follows:

(In Thousands)	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Finished goods	\$ 13,556	\$ 11,103
Work-in-process	7,040	6,874
Raw materials	24,715	24,148
Stores, supplies and other	20,961	19,165
Total	\$ 66,272	\$ 61,290

During the first nine months of 2012, certain inventories accounted for on a LIFO basis declined permanently, which resulted in cost of goods sold being stated at below current replacement costs by approximately \$1.5 million in Aluminum Extrusions.

6. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average common and potentially dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding, determined as follows:

		Three Months Ended September 30		Aonths tember 30
(In Thousands)	2012	2011	2012	2011
Weighted average shares outstanding used to compute basic earnings per share	32,052	31,952	32,038	31,918
Incremental dilutive shares attributable to stock options and restricted stock	49	108	160	257
Shares used to compute diluted earnings per share	32,101	32,060	32,198	32,175

Incremental shares attributable to stock options and restricted stock are computed using the average market price during the related period. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, 1,023,733, 692,600, 693,183 and 335,939, respectively, of average out-of-the-money options to purchase shares were excluded from the calculation of incremental shares attributable to stock options and restricted stock.

7. We invested \$7.5 million in a privately held specialty pharmaceutical company in 2007 and 2008. The company is developing and commercializing state of the art drug delivery systems designed to improve patient compliance and outcomes, and our ownership interest on a fully diluted basis is approximately 20%. The investment is accounted for under the fair value method. We elected the fair value option over the equity method of accounting since our investment objectives are similar to those of venture capitalists.

At September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the estimated fair value of our investment (also the carrying value; included in "Other assets and deferred charges" in the consolidated balance sheet) was \$26.6 million and \$17.6 million, respectively. The fair value estimates are based upon significant unobservable (Level 3) inputs since there is no secondary market for our ownership interest. Accordingly, until the next round of financing or other significant financial transaction, value estimates will primarily be based on assumptions relating to meeting product development and commercialization milestones, corresponding cash flow projections (projections of sales, costs, expenses, capital expenditures and working capital investment) and discounting of these factors for the high degree of risk. Adjustments to the estimated fair value of our investment will be made in the period during which changes can be quantified.

We recognized an unrealized gain on the investment accounted for under the fair value method (included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income) of \$2.7 million and \$9.0 million in the third quarter and first nine months of 2012, respectively (none in the first nine months 2011). The unrealized gain in the third quarter of 2012 was primarily related to adjustments in the fair value for the passage of time as anticipated cash flows associated with achieving product development and commercialization milestones are discounted at 55% for their high degree of risk. The unrealized gain in the second quarter of 2012 was primarily attributed to the appreciation of our ownership interest to reflect insights from a new marketing study for its first product, which resulted in a favorable adjustment to the timing and amount of anticipated cash flows from an upcoming product introduction and achieving related milestones. The unrealized gain in the first quarter of 2012 was primarily attributed to the appreciation of our ownership interest after the weighted average cost of capital used to discount cash flows in our valuation of the specialty pharmaceutical company was reduced to reflect the completion of certain process testing and a reassessment of the risk associated with the timing for obtaining final marketing approval from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for its first product.

The fair market valuation of our interest in the specialty pharmaceutical company is sensitive to changes in the weighted average cost of capital used to discount cash flow projections for the high degree of risk associated with meeting development and commercialization milestones as anticipated. The weighted average cost of capital used in the fair market valuation of our interest in the specialty pharmaceutical company was 55% at September 30, 2012 and 60% at December 31, 2011. At September 30, 2012, the effect of a 500 basis point decrease in the weighted average cost of capital assumption would have further increased the fair value of our interest in the specialty pharmaceutical company by approximately \$5.1 million, and a 500 basis point increase in the weighted average cost of capital assumption would have decreased the fair value of our interest by approximately \$5.9 million.

Had we not elected to account for our investment under the fair value method, we would have been required to use the equity method of accounting. The condensed balance sheets for the

specialty pharmaceutical company at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 and condensed statements of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, that were reported to us by the investee, are provided below:

\$ —	\$ 2,255	\$ —	\$ 8,839
(3,089)	(2,569)	(8,026)	(8,235)
1,209	112	3,100	(181)
\$(1,880)	\$ (202)	\$(4,926)	\$ 423
	(3,089) 1,209	$\begin{array}{c} (3,089) \\ (2,569) \\ 1,209 \\ 112 \\ \$(1,880) \\ \$ \\ (202) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} (3,089) \\ (2,569) \\ (8,026) \\ \hline 1,209 \\ \$(1,880) \\ \hline 112 \\ \$(202) \\ \$(4,926) \\ \hline 112 \\$

Our investment in Harbinger had a carrying value (included in "Other assets and deferred charges") of \$3.6 million at September 30, 2012, compared with \$5.2 million at December 31, 2011. We recorded an unrealized loss of \$1.1 million (\$0.7 million after taxes) on our investment in Harbinger in the first quarter of 2012 (included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income) as a result of a reduction in the estimated fair value of our investment that is not expected to be temporary.

The carrying value at September 30, 2012 reflected Tredegar's cost basis in its investment in the Harbinger Fund, net of total withdrawal proceeds received (\$0.5 million in the first nine months of 2012) and unrealized losses. The timing and amount of future installments of withdrawal proceeds, which commenced in August 2010, were not known as of September 30, 2012. Gains on our investment in Harbinger will be recognized when the amounts expected to be collected from our withdrawal from the investment are known, which will likely be when cash in excess of our remaining carrying value is received. Losses will be recognized when management believes it is probable that future withdrawal proceeds will not exceed the remaining carrying value.

8. We use derivative financial instruments for the purpose of hedging margin exposure from fixed-price forward sales contracts in Aluminum Extrusions and currency exchange rate exposures that exist due to specified transactions. When possible, our derivative financial instruments are designated as and qualify as cash flow hedges and are recognized in the balance sheet at fair value. A change in the fair value of derivatives that are highly effective and that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recorded in other comprehensive income (loss). Gains and losses reported in other comprehensive income (loss) are reclassified to earnings in the periods in which earnings are affected by the variability of cash flows of the hedged transaction. Such gains and losses are reported on the same line as the underlying hedged item. Any hedge ineffectiveness (which represents the amount by which the changes in the fair value of the derivative exceed the variability in the cash flows of the forecasted transaction) is recorded in current period earnings. The amount of gains and losses recognized for hedge ineffectiveness was not material to the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 and 2011.

The fair value of derivative instruments recorded on the consolidated balance sheets are based upon Level 2 inputs within the corresponding commodity or foreign currency markets. If individual derivative instruments with the same counterparty can be settled on a net basis, we record the corresponding derivative fair values as a net asset or net liability.

In the normal course of business, we enter into fixed-price forward sales contracts with certain customers for the future sale of fixed quantities of aluminum extrusions at scheduled intervals. In order to hedge our margin exposure created from the fixing of future sales prices relative to volatile raw material (aluminum) costs, we enter into a combination of forward purchase commitments and futures contracts to acquire or hedge aluminum, based on the scheduled purchases for the firm sales commitments. The fixed-price firm sales commitments and related hedging instruments generally have durations of not more than 12 months, and the notional amount of aluminum futures contracts that hedged future purchases of aluminum to meet fixed-price forward sales contract obligations was \$7.2 million (7.7 million pounds of aluminum) at September 30, 2012 and \$10.8 million (11.0 million pounds of aluminum) at December 31, 2011.

The table below summarizes the location and gross amounts of aluminum futures contract fair values in the consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

	September 30, 201	12	December 31, 201	1
(In Thousands)	Balance Sheet Account	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Account	Fair Value
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments				
Asset derivatives:				
Aluminum futures contracts	Prepaid expenses and other	\$333	Accrued expenses	\$ 21
Liability derivatives:				
Aluminum futures contracts	Prepaid expenses and other	\$ 92	Accrued expenses	\$677
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments				
Asset derivatives:				
Aluminum futures contracts	Prepaid expenses and other	\$ 47	Accrued expenses	\$ 18
Liability derivatives:				
Aluminum futures contracts	Prepaid expenses and other	\$47	Accrued expenses	\$ 18

In the event that the counterparty to an aluminum fixed-price forward sales contract chooses to not take delivery of its aluminum extrusions, the customer is contractually obligated to compensate us for any losses on the related aluminum futures and/or forward purchase contracts through the date of cancellation. The offsetting asset and liability positions for derivatives not designated as hedging instruments included in the table above are associated with the unwinding of aluminum futures contracts that relate to such cancellations.

We have future fixed Euro-denominated contractual payments for equipment being purchased as part of our multi-year capacity expansion project at our film products manufacturing facility in Cabo de Santo Agostinho, Brazil. We are using fixed rate Euro forward contracts with various settlement dates through November 2013 to hedge exchange rate exposure on these obligations. We had fixed rate forward contracts with outstanding notional amounts of €16.0 million as of September 30, 2012 (none at December 31, 2011).

The table below summarizes the location and gross amounts of foreign currency forward contract fair values in the consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2012 (none at December 31, 2011):

	September 30, 2012	2
(In Thousands)	Balance Sheet Account	Fair Value
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments		
Asset derivatives:		
Foreign currency forward contracts	Prepaid expenses and other	\$889
Foreign currency forward contracts	Other assets and deferred charges	\$125

The counterparties to our forward purchase commitments are major aluminum brokers and suppliers, and the counterparties to our aluminum futures contracts are major financial institutions. Fixed-price forward sales contracts are only made available to our best and most credit-worthy customers. The counterparties to our foreign currency forwards are major financial institutions.

The effect on net income and other comprehensive income (loss) of derivative instruments classified as cash flow hedges and described in the previous paragraphs for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 is summarized in the table below:

Cash Flow Derivative Hedges (In Thousands) Aluminum Futures Foreign Currency Contracts Forwards Three Months Ended September 30 2012 201 2012 Amount of pre-tax gain (loss) recognized in other comprehensive income (478)\$1,132 (617)Location of gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into net income (effective portion) Cost of sales Cost of sales Amount of pre-tax gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to net income (effective portion) \$ (600)\$ 55 \$ ¢ Aluminum Futures Foreign Currency Contracts Forwards Nine Months Ended September 30 201 2011 201 2011 Amount of pre-tax gain (loss) recognized in other comprehensive income (242)\$ (1, 317)\$1,132 Location of gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into net income (effective portion) Cost of sales Cost of sales Amount of pre-tax gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to net income (effective portion) \$ (902)\$ 641 \$

As of September 30, 2012, we expect \$0.2 million of unrealized after-tax gains on derivative instruments reported in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to be

reclassified to earnings within the next twelve months. For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, net gains or losses realized on previously unrealized net gains or losses from hedges that had been discontinued were not material.

## 9. The components of net periodic benefit cost for our pension and other post-retirement benefit programs reflected in consolidated results are shown below:

(In Thousands)	Pension Benefits for Three Months Ended September 30 2012 2011		Other Post- Benefits for T Ended Sep 2012	Three Months
Service cost	\$ (1,028)	\$ (919)	\$ (17)	\$ (15)
Interest cost	(3,236)	(3,202)	(88)	(105)
Expected return on plan assets	4,709	5,123		—
Amortization of prior service costs, gains or losses and net transition asset	(2,529)	(1,612)	74	65
Curtailment charge	(99)	_		_
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ (2,183)	\$ (610)	\$ (31)	\$ (55)
	Pension Benefits for Nine Months Ended September 30		Other Post- Benefits for M Ended Sep	Nine Months tember 30
Service cost	2012 \$ (2,743)	2011 \$ (2,521)	<u>2012</u> \$ (43)	<sup>2011</sup> \$ (41)
Interest cost	(9,813)	(9,768)	(289)	(296)
Expected return on plan assets	14,331	15,336	(200)	(250)
Amortization of prior service costs, gains or losses and net transition asset	(7,782)	(4,769)	180	198
Curtailment charge	(99)	—		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ (6,106)	\$ (1,722)	\$ (152)	\$ (139)

We contributed \$0.2 million to our pension plans for continuing operations in 2011, and our contributions are expected to be approximately \$2.3 million in 2012, which is \$3.0 million lower than previously expected. We fund our other post-retirement benefits (life insurance and health benefits) on a claims-made basis, which were \$0.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2011.

10. We have four reportable segments, which include Film Products, Aluminum Extrusions, AFBS (formerly Therics, Inc.) and Other. There was no activity related to AFBS in the first nine months of 2012 or 2011. Effective January 1, 2012, the operations of Bright View Technologies Corporation ("Bright View") were incorporated into Film Products to leverage research and development efforts and accelerate new product development. Prior year balances for Bright View have been reclassified to Film Products to conform with the current year presentation. The Other segment is now solely comprised of the operations of Falling Springs, LLC.

Information by business segment is reported below. There are no accounting transactions between segments and no allocations to segments. Net sales (sales less freight) and operating profit from ongoing operations are the measures of sales and operating profit used by the chief operating decision maker for purposes of assessing performance.

The following table presents net sales and operating profit by segment for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 and 2011:

				Nine Months Ended September 30	
(In Thousands)	2012	2011	2012	2011	
<u>Net Sales</u>	•				
Film Products	\$155,296	\$129,733	\$459,221	\$393,289	
Aluminum Extrusions	55,222	66,815	172,525	186,712	
Other	2,161	1,406	2,970	1,702	
Total net sales	212,679	197,954	634,716	581,703	
Add back freight	6,130	4,636	17,404	13,377	
Sales as shown in the Consolidated Statements of Income	\$218,809	\$202,590	\$652,120	\$595,080	
Operating Profit					
Film Products:					
Ongoing operations	\$ 21,092	\$ 15,485	\$ 49,999	\$ 43,872	
Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other	(87)	(1,435)	(1,879)	(2,519)	
Aluminum Extrusions:					
Ongoing operations	1,846	2,301	7,349	2,539	
Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other	(1,067)	(43)	(3,214)	19	
Other:					
Ongoing operations	503	778	687	610	
Total	22,287	17,086	52,942	44,521	
Interest income	84	278	337	778	
Interest expense	708	367	2,732	1,083	
Gain on investment accounted for under fair value method	2,700		9,000	—	
Stock option-based compensation costs	386	474	1,147	1,481	
Corporate expenses, net	4,789	3,920	17,206	10,954	
Income from continuining operations before income taxes	19,188	12,603	41,194	31,781	
Income taxes from continuing operations	4,661	(133)	11,516	6,329	
Income from continuing operations	14,527	12,736	29,678	25,452	
Loss from discontinued operations	(7,100)	_	(11,900)	(345)	
Net income	\$ 7,427	\$ 12,736	\$ 17,778	\$ 25,107	

The following table presents identifiable assets by segment at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
\$ 548,591	\$ 574,571
75,562	78,661
21,555	17,520
645,708	670,752
48,006	40,919
44,167	68,939
\$ 737,881	\$ 780,610
	2012 \$ 548,591 75,562 21,555 645,708 48,006 44,167

11. The effective tax rate for income from continuing operations the first nine months of 2012 was 28.0% compared to 19.9% in first nine months of 2011. The significant differences between the U.S. federal statutory rate and the effective income tax rate for continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

	Percent of Before Inco	
Nine Months Ended September 30	2012	2011
Income tax expense at federal statutory rate	35.0	35.0
Valuation allowance for capital loss carry-forwards	3.3	(.1)
State taxes, net of federal income tax benefit	1.4	2.1
Unremitted earnings from foreign operations	.7	1.9
Valuation allowance for foreign operating loss carry-forwards	.3	.9
Non-deductible expenses	.2	3.3
Changes in estimates related to prior year tax provision	.1	.4
Research and development tax credit	—	(.9)
Deduction for divestiture of subsidiary stock	—	(18.8)
Domestic production activities deduction	(.2)	
Income tax contingency accruals/reversals	(.3)	.4
Foreign rate differences	(3.2)	(4.5)
Foreign tax incentives	(9.2)	—
Other	(.1)	.2
Effective income tax rate for income from continuing operations	28.0	19.9

The Brazilian federal statutory income tax rate is a composite of 34.0% (25.0% of income tax and 9.0% of social contribution on income). Terphane's manufacturing facility in Brazil is the beneficiary of certain income tax incentives that allow for a reduction in the statutory Brazilian federal income tax rate levied on the operating profit of its products. These incentives produce a current effective tax rate of 15.25% for Terphane Ltda. (6.25% of income tax and 9.0% social contribution on income). The current incentives will expire at the end of 2014, but we anticipate that we will qualify for additional incentives that will extend beyond 2014.

Income taxes for the first nine months of 2012 include the recognition of an additional valuation allowance of \$1.3 million related to expected limitations on the utilization of assumed capital losses on certain investments recognized in previous years.

We claimed an ordinary loss on the write-off of our investment in our aluminum extrusions operations in Canada (sold in February 2008) on our 2008 consolidated tax return (included in discontinued operations in the consolidated statement of income in 2007). During an audit, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") challenged the ordinary nature of the loss, asserting that the loss should be re-characterized as capital in nature. Had the IRS prevailed in final, non-appealable determinations, it is possible that the matter would have resulted in additional tax payments of up to \$12 million, plus any interest and penalties. Prior to issuing a Notice of Deficiency, however, the IRS revised their audit report to allow the ordinary loss treatment to stand. The audit findings are subject to IRS Joint Committee review, and, while we expect no further challenge on this issue, if challenged, we will vigorously defend our position and believe that we will prevail but there can be no assurance of such a result.

Tredegar and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S., various states and jurisdictions outside the U.S. Generally, except for refund claims and amended returns, Tredegar is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2008.

- 12. We have been notified by U.S. Customs that certain film products exported by Terphane to the U.S. since November 6, 2008 are subject to duties associated with an antidumping duty order on imported PET films. We have contested the applicability of these antidumping duties to the films exported by Terphane, which we believe are outside the scope of the antidumping order, and we are defending our position vigorously. For shipments through October 24, 2011, we have not received final demand from U.S. Customs, but we estimate that antidumping duties related to this matter could be approximately \$8.6 million, none of which is recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. If unsuccessful, there are indemnifications for these liabilities that are specifically provided for under the Purchase Agreement, and we believe that we will recover antidumping duty payments made to U.S. Customs from the Seller, subject to the terms of the indemnifications within the Purchase Agreement.
- 13. In July 2012, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued updated guidance for testing indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. The revised standard provides entities with an option to perform a "qualitative" assessment to determine whether further testing is necessary when performing an annual impairment assessment for indefinite-lived intangible assets other than goodwill. This new standard is comparable to the guidance finalized last year for goodwill impairment testing. An entity can still choose to bypass the qualitative assessment for any indefinite-lived intangible asset in any period and proceed directly to the quantitative impairment test. The revised standard is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. We do not expect that this FASB accounting standard will have a material impact on our financial statements and disclosures.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

#### Forward-looking and Cautionary Statements

Some of the information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When we use the words "believe," "estimate," "anticipate," "expect," "project," "likely," "may" and similar expressions, we do so to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are based on our then current expectations and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those addressed in the forward-looking statements. It is possible that our actual results and financial condition may differ, possibly materially, from the anticipated results and financial condition indicated in these forward-looking statements. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ from expectations include, without limitation: acquired businesses, including Terphane Holdings LLC ("Terphane") and AACOA, Inc. ("AACOA"), may not achieve the levels of revenue, profit, productivity or otherwise perform as we expect; acquisitions, including our acquisition of Terphane and AACOA, involve special risks, including without limitation, diversion of management's time and attention to our existing businesses, the potential assumption of unanticipated liabilities and contingencies and potential difficulties in integrating acquired businesses and achieving anticipated operational improvements; Film Products is highly dependent on sales to one customer — The Procter & Gamble Company; growth of Film Products depends on its ability to develop and deliver new products at competitive prices; sales volume and profitability of Aluminum Extrusions are cyclical and highly dependent on economic conditions of end-use markets in the U.S., particularly in the construction sector, and are also subject to seasonal slowdowns; our substantial international operations subject us to risks of doing business in foreign countries, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations; our future performance is influenced by costs incurred by our operating companies, including, for example, the cost of energy and raw materials; and the other factors discussed in the reports Tredegar files with or furnishes to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") from time-to-time, including the risks and important factors set forth in additional detail in "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of Tredegar's 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K (the "2011 Form 10-K") filed with the SEC. Readers are urged to review and carefully consider the disclosures Tredegar makes in its filings with the SEC, which include the 2011 Form 10-K. Tredegar does not undertake, and expressly disclaims any duty, to update any forward-looking statement to reflect any change in management's expectations or any change in conditions, assumptions or circumstances on which such statements are based.

References herein to "Tredegar," "we," "us" and "our" are to Tredegar Corporation and its subsidiaries, collectively, unless the context otherwise indicates or requires.

#### Executive Summary

Third-quarter 2012 net income from continuing operations was \$14.5 million (45 cents per share) compared with \$12.7 million (40 cents per share) in the third quarter of 2011. Net income from continuing operations for the first nine months of 2012 was \$29.7 million (92 cents per share) compared with \$25.5 million (79 cents per share) in the first nine months of 2011. Losses related to plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other items are described in Note 3 on page 9. Net sales (sales less freight) and operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations are the measures of sales and operating profit used by the chief operating decision maker of each segment for purposes of assessing performance.

The following table presents Tredegar's net sales and operating profit by segment for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 and 2011:

		Months otember 30	Nine Months Ended September 30		
(In Thousands)	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Net Sales					
Film Products	\$155,296	\$129,733	\$459,221	\$393,289	
Aluminum Extrusions	55,222	66,815	172,525	186,712	
Other	2,161	1,406	2,970	1,702	
Total net sales	212,679	197,954	634,716	581,703	
Add back freight	6,130	4,636	17,404	13,377	
Sales as shown in the Consolidated Statements of Income	\$218,809	\$202,590	\$652,120	\$595,080	
Operating Profit					
Film Products:					
Ongoing operations	\$ 21,092	\$ 15,485	\$ 49,999	\$ 43,872	
Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other	(87)	(1,435)	(1,879)	(2,519	
Aluminum Extrusions:					
Ongoing operations	1,846	2,301	7,349	2,539	
Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other	(1,067)	(43)	(3,214)	19	
Other:					
Ongoing operations	503	778	687	610	
Total	22,287	17,086	52,942	44,521	
Interest income	84	278	337	778	
Interest expense	708	367	2,732	1,083	
Gain on investment accounted for under fair value method	2,700	_	9,000	_	
Stock option-based compensation costs	386	474	1,147	1,481	
Corporate expenses, net	4,789	3,920	17,206	10,954	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	19,188	12,603	41,194	31,781	
Income taxes from continuing operations	4,661	(133)	11,516	6,329	
Income from continuing operations	14,527	12,736	29,678	25,452	
Loss from discontinued operations	(7,100)		(11,900)	(345	
Net income	\$ 7,427	\$ 12,736	\$ 17,778	\$ 25,107	

### Film Products

A summary of operating results for Film Products is provided below:

	Quarter Septer	Ended Iber 30	Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		nths Ended nber 30	Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
(In Thousands, Except Percentages)	2012	2011	% Change	2012	2011	% Change
Sales volume (pounds)	68,157	51,396	32.6%	203,078	157,852	28.7%
Net sales	\$155,296	\$129,733	19.7%	\$459,221	\$393,289	16.8%
Operating profit from ongoing operations	\$ 21,092	\$ 15,485	36.2%	\$ 49,999	\$ 43,872	14.0%

Net sales (sales less freight) in the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 increased in comparison to the same periods in the prior year primarily due to the addition of Terphane. Terphane, which was acquired in the fourth quarter of 2011, generated net sales of \$34.8 million in the third quarter of 2012 and \$101.6 million in the first nine months of 2012. The increase in net sales for the third quarter of 2012 compared to the third quarter of 2011 from the addition of Terphane was partially offset by lower volumes in personal care materials. For the year-to-date period, the addition of net sales from the acquisition of Terphane was partially offset by lower volumes in all of the other product lines of Film Products.

Operating profit from ongoing operations in the third quarter of 2012 increased in comparison to the third quarter of the prior year as a result of operating profit generated from the addition of Terphane and higher volumes for surface protection products, partially offset by lower volumes and margins for personal care materials and an unfavorable change in the U.S. dollar value of currencies for operations outside the U.S. Higher volumes for surface protection products may indicate improving conditions in the display market, although operating results are expected to fluctuate from quarter-to-quarter. As noted in previous quarters, consumer trends toward value-segment products and low growth rates in developed markets have impacted volumes in the markets that utilize our premium personal care materials. We are experiencing margin compression as we compete in these markets, and cost reductions will be critical to mitigating the impact of these trends.

Operating profit from ongoing operations for the first nine months of 2012 increased versus the prior year primarily due to the addition of Terphane and a favorable change in the estimated impact of the quarterly lag in the pass-through of average resin costs, partially offset by lower volumes, compressed margins for personal care materials and surface protection products and an unfavorable change in the U.S. dollar value of currencies for operations outside the U.S.

Terphane had operating profit from ongoing operations of \$6.2 million and \$12.8 million in the third quarter and first nine months of 2012, respectively, which included amortization expense of \$1.2 million and \$3.8 million, respectively. Improved market conditions helped to increase margins for our flexible packaging films, particularly in the Brazilian market. We continue to make progress on addressing production efficiency issues associated with the upgrade of an existing production line, as discussed in previous quarters.

The estimated impact on operating profit from ongoing operations of the quarterly lag in the pass-through of average resin costs was a positive \$2.1 million in the third quarter of 2012 compared to a positive \$2.5 million in the third quarter of 2011. The change in the U.S. dollar value of currencies for operations outside the U.S. had an unfavorable impact of approximately \$0.5 million in the third quarter of 2012 compared to the third quarter of 2011. The estimated impact on operating profit from ongoing operations of the quarterly lag in the pass-through of average resin costs was a positive \$0.5 million for the first nine months of 2012 compared to a negative \$1.8 million for the first nine months of 2011. The change in the U.S. dollar value of currencies for operations outside the U.S. had an unfavorable impact of approximately \$1.0 million in the first nine months of 2012 compared to the first nine months of 2011.

Effective January 1, 2012, the operations of Bright View Technologies Corporation ("Bright View") were incorporated into Film Products to leverage research and development efforts and accelerate new product development. Prior year balances for Bright View have been reclassified to Film Products to conform with the current year presentation. Operating losses for Bright View in the first nine months of 2012 were \$2.9 million, which were consistent with the first nine months of 2011.

Capital expenditures in Film Products were \$18.6 million in the first nine months of 2012 compared to \$8.9 million in the first nine months of 2011. Film Products currently estimates that capital expenditures will be approximately \$36 million in 2012, which includes approximately \$22 million in capital expenditures for a project that will expand our capacity at the manufacturing facility in Cabo de Santo Agostinho, Brazil. This multi-year project will significantly increase capacity in Brazil and primarily serve flexible packaging films customers in Latin America. Depreciation expense was \$26.8 million in the first nine months of 2011, and is projected to be approximately \$35 million in 2012.

#### Aluminum Extrusions

A summary of operating results for Aluminum Extrusions is provided below:

		r Ended 1ber 30	Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		nths Ended nber 30	Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
(In Thousands, Except Percentages)	2012	2011	% Change	2012	2011	% Change
Sales volume (pounds)	26,458	29,484	(10.3)%	81,144	82,679	(1.9)%
Net sales	\$55,222	\$66,815	(17.4)%	\$172,525	\$186,712	(7.6)%
Operating profit from ongoing operations	\$ 1,846	\$ 2,301	(19.8)%	\$ 7,349	\$ 2,539	189.4%

Net sales in the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 decreased in comparison to the same periods of the prior year due to lower volume resulting from the shutdown of the Kentland, Indiana facility and a decrease in average selling prices as a result of lower average aluminum prices. The plant closure was completed in the third quarter, with approximately half of the business transferred to our other facilities.

Operating profit from ongoing operations was lower in the third quarter of 2012 than in the third quarter of 2011 as higher conversion costs were partially offset by improved pricing and favorable product mix. To meet increased demand for finishing services, manufacturing costs for Aluminum Extrusions were negatively impacted by operating inefficiencies as it ramped up additional capacity. Operating profit from ongoing operations in the first nine months of 2012 was favorable compared to the same period of 2011 primarily as a result of improved pricing and lower energy costs.

As previously noted, Aluminum Extrusions closed its manufacturing facility in Kentland, Indiana in the third quarter of 2012. The plant, whose core market was residential construction, previously employed 146 people. We estimate that charges incurred related to the shutdown will be approximately \$4.5 million, and include accelerated depreciation on property, plant and equipment of approximately \$2.4 million, severance charges of approximately \$1.2 million and other shutdown-related costs of approximately \$1 million. Other shutdown-related costs are primarily comprised of equipment transfers and plant shutdown charges, partially offset by adjustment for inventories accounted for under the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method. Most of these shutdown charges, which include cash expenditures of approximately \$3.5 million, are expected to be recognized over an 18 month period. Starting in 2013, we estimate that the closure of Kentland will have a positive impact on an annual basis of approximately \$2-3 million on segment operating profit from ongoing operations in future periods.

On October 1, 2012, Aluminum Extrusions acquired 100% ownership of AACOA for \$50.8 million, subject to certain post-closing adjustments. AACOA operates production facilities in Elkhart, Indiana and Niles, Michigan. Its primary markets include consumer durables, machinery and equipment and transportation. The acquisition will add fabrication capabilities to Aluminum Extrusions' current array of products and services while providing AACOA with large press capabilities and enhanced geographic sales coverage in a variety of end-use markets.

Capital expenditures for Aluminum Extrusions were \$1.8 million in the first nine months of 2012 and \$2.2 million in the first nine months of 2011. Capital expenditures are projected to be approximately \$4 million in 2012. Depreciation expense was \$7.6 million in the first nine months of 2012 compared with \$6.3 million in first nine months of 2011, and is projected to be approximately \$9 million in 2012. Higher depreciation expense in 2012 is primarily related to approximately \$2.4 million in accelerated depreciation on property, plant and equipment at the Kentland manufacturing facility

#### <u>Other</u>

The Other segment includes the mitigation banking business, which is also referred to as Falling Springs. Net sales for this business can fluctuate from quarter-to-quarter as Falling Springs' revenue varies



based upon the timing of development projects within its markets. Operating profit from ongoing operations was \$0.7 million in the first nine months of 2012 compared to \$0.6 million in the first nine months of 2011.

#### Corporate Expenses, Interest and Taxes

Pension expense was \$6.1 million in the first nine months of 2012, an unfavorable change of \$4.4 million from the first nine months of 2011. Most of the impact of pensions on earnings is reflected in "Corporate expenses, net" in the net sales and operating profit by segment table. We contributed \$0.2 million to our pension plans for continuing operations in 2011, and as of September 30, 2012, contributions are expected to be approximately \$2.3 million in 2012, which is \$3.0 million lower than previously expected. Corporate expenses, net increased in 2012 versus 2011 primarily due to the higher pension expenses noted above, an unrealized loss on our investment in the Harbinger Capital Partners Special Situations Fund, L.P. ("Harbinger"), and the timing of certain non-recurring corporate-related expenses.

Interest expense, which includes the amortization of debt issue costs, was \$2.7 million in the first nine months of 2012 in comparison to \$1.1 million in the first nine months of last year as a result of an increase in the average borrowings under our revolving credit facility, which were used to finance a portion of the purchase price for the acquisition of Terphane.

The effective tax rate used to compute income taxes from continuing operations for the first nine months of 2012 was 28.0% compared to 19.9% in the first nine months of 2011. The significant differences between the U.S. federal statutory rate and the effective tax rate for the first nine months of 2012 and 2011 is shown in the table provided in Note 11 on page 19.

Net capitalization and other credit measures are provided in the liquidity and capital resources section beginning on page 30.

#### Critical Accounting Policies

In the ordinary course of business, we make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of results of operations and financial position in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. We believe the estimates, assumptions and judgments described in the section "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Critical Accounting Policies" of our 2011 Form 10-K have the greatest potential impact on our financial statements, so we consider these to be our critical accounting policies. These policies include our accounting for impairment of long-lived assets and goodwill, investment accounted for under the fair value method, pension benefits and income taxes. These policies require management to exercise judgments that are often difficult, subjective and complex due to the necessity of estimating the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates under different assumptions and conditions. We believe the consistent application of these policies enables us to provide readers of our financial statements with useful and reliable information about our operating results and financial condition. Since December 31, 2011, there have been no changes in these policies that have had a material impact on results of operations or financial position. See Note 3 on page 9 for losses related to plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other items occurring during the second quarter and first nine months of 2012 and the comparable period in 2011.

On June 28, 2012, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that the provision of the Affordable Care Act ("ACA") that requires most Americans to purchase health insurance is constitutional, thereby upholding the entire law. In its ruling, the Supreme Court ruled that the individual mandate is valid as a tax, and it is within Congress's power to impose such a tax. All entities that provide health care benefits are affected by the ACA. In addition, many of the provisions of the ACA affect financial statement accounting and disclosure when the law was enacted and as various provisions have gone into effect. Since the law was upheld, the Supreme Court ruling itself should not impact our existing accounting and disclosures for health care benefits. However, we will continue to monitor developments related to this legislation, addressing any changes in accounting and disclosure of health benefits as required.

In July 2012, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued updated guidance for testing indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. The revised standard provides entities with an option to perform a "qualitative" assessment to determine whether further testing is necessary when performing an annual impairment assessment for indefinite-lived intangible assets other than goodwill. This new standard is comparable to the guidance finalized last year for goodwill impairment testing. An entity can still choose to bypass the qualitative assessment for any indefinite-lived intangible asset in any period and proceed directly to the quantitative impairment test. The revised standard is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. We do not expect that this FASB accounting standard will have a material impact on our financial statements and disclosures.

#### **Results of Operations**

#### Third Quarter 2012 Compared with Third Quarter 2011

Overall, sales in the third quarter of 2012 increased by 8.0% compared with the third quarter of 2011. Net sales increased 19.7% in Film Products due to the acquisition of Terphane, partially offset by lower volumes in personal care materials. Net sales decreased 17.4% in Aluminum Extrusions due to lower volumes and a decrease in average selling prices as a result of lower average aluminum prices. For more information on net sales and volume, see the executive summary beginning on page 21.

Consolidated gross profit (sales minus cost of goods sold and freight) as a percentage of sales increased to 17.8% in the third quarter of 2012 from 16.4% in the third quarter of 2011. The gross profit margin in Film Products increased primarily due to the improved product mix, partially offset by margin compression for personal care materials. Gross profit margin in Aluminum Extrusions decreased as higher conversion costs were partially offset by improved pricing.

As a percentage of sales, selling, general and administrative and R&D expenses were 9.0% in the third quarter of 2012, a decrease from 10.5% in the third quarter of last year. The decrease in selling, general and administrative and R&D expenses as a percentage of sales can be attributed to lower acquisition-related expenditures and cost controlling efforts in the current year.

Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other items in the third quarter of 2012 shown in the segment operating profit table on page 22 include:

- Net pretax charge of \$0.7 million associated with the shutdown of the aluminum extrusions manufacturing facility in Kentland, Indiana, which includes accelerated depreciation for property, plant and equipment of \$0.6 million (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income), severance and other employee related expenses of \$0.2 million and other shutdown-related charges of \$0.7 million, partially offset by adjustments to inventories accounted for under the LIFO method of \$0.5 million (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income) and gains on the sale of equipment of \$0.3 million (included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income);
- Pretax charges of \$0.3 million for acquisition-related expenses (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statement of income) associated with the acquisition of AACOA by Aluminum Extrusions; and
- Pretax charges of \$0.1 million for integration-related expenses and other non-recurring transactions (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statements of income) associated with the acquisition of Terphane by Film Products.

Results in the third quarter of 2012 include an unrealized gain from the write-up of an investment accounted for under the fair value method (included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income) of \$2.7 million (\$1.7 million after taxes). See Note 7 for additional information on investments.

On February 12, 2008, we sold our aluminum extrusions business in Canada for approximately \$25.0 million to an affiliate of H.I.G. Capital. All historical results for this business have been reflected as discontinued operations; however, cash flows for discontinued operations have not been separately disclosed in the consolidated statements of cash flows. An accrual of \$7.1 million (\$7.1 million net of tax) was made in the third quarter of 2012 for indemnifications under the purchase agreement related to environmental matters.

Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other items in the third quarter of 2011 shown in the segment operating profit table on page 22 include:

- Pretax charges of \$2.3 million for acquisition-related expenses (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statements of income) associated with the acquisition of Terphane by Film Products;
- Pretax gain of \$1.0 million on the divestiture of our film products business in Roccamontepiano, Italy (included in "Other income (expenses), net" in the consolidated statements of income), which includes the recognition of previously unrealized foreign currency translation gains of \$4.3 million that were associated with the business;
- Pretax charges of \$0.2 million for severance and other employee-related costs in connection with restructurings in Film Products; and
- Pretax losses of \$43,000 for timing differences between the recognition of realized losses on aluminum futures contracts and related revenues from the delayed fulfillment by customers of fixed-price forward purchase commitments (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income).

Interest income, which is included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income, was \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million in the third quarters of 2012 and 2011, respectively. Interest expense, which includes the amortization of debt issue costs, was \$0.7 million in the third quarter of 2012 in comparison to \$0.4 million in the third quarter of last year.

Average debt outstanding and interest rates were as follows:

	Three M Ended Septe	
(In Millions)	2012	2011
Floating-rate debt with interest charged on a rollover basis at one-month LIBOR plus a		
credit spread:		
Average outstanding debt balance	\$ 94.2	\$ —
Average interest rate	2.0%	n/a
Fixed-rate and other debt:		
Average outstanding debt balance	\$ —	\$.2
Average interest rate	n/a	3.2%
Total debt:		
Average outstanding debt balance	\$ 94.2	\$.2
Average interest rate	2.0%	3.2%

The effective tax rate used to compute income taxes from continuing operations for the third quarter of 2012 was 24.3% compared to (1.1)% in the third quarter of 2011. The change in the effective tax rate for the third quarter reflects the impact to income taxes during the third quarter to adjust the effective

tax rate for the first nine months of the year to the rate estimated for the entire year. The significant differences between the U.S. federal statutory rate and the effective tax rate for the first nine months is shown in the table provided in Note 11 on page 19.

#### First Nine Months of 2012 Compared with First Nine Months of 2011

Overall, sales in the first nine months of 2012 increased by 9.6% compared with 2011. Net sales increased 16.8% in Film Products due to the acquisition of Terphane, partially offset by lower volumes in the remaining product lines of Film Products. Net sales decreased 7.6% in Aluminum Extrusions due to lower average selling prices as a result of a decrease in aluminum prices and a slight decrease in sales volumes. For more information on net sales and volume, see the executive summary beginning on page 21.

Consolidated gross profit as a percentage of sales increased to 16.6% in the first nine months of 2012 from 15.5% in 2011. The gross profit margin in Film Products was relatively flat primarily due to margin compression for surface protection and personal care materials, offset by favorable impact of the lag in the pass-through of higher resin costs. Gross profit margin in Aluminum Extrusions increased as a result of improved pricing and lower energy costs.

As a percentage of sales, selling, general and administrative and R&D expenses were 10.0% in the first nine months of 2012 and 2011.

Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other items in the first nine months of 2012 shown in the segment operating profit table on page 22 include:

- Net pretax charge of \$2.7 million associated with the shutdown of the aluminum extrusions manufacturing facility in Kentland, Indiana, which includes accelerated depreciation for property, plant and equipment of \$2.4 million (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income), severance and other employee related expenses of \$1.2 million and other shutdown-related charges of \$0.9 million, partially offset by adjustments to inventories accounted for under the LIFO method of \$1.5 million (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income) and gains on the sale of equipment of \$0.3 million (included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income);
- Pretax charges of \$1.0 million for integration-related expenses and other non-recurring transactions (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statements of income) associated with the acquisition of Terphane by Film Products;
- Pretax loss of \$0.8 million for asset impairments associated with a previously shutdown film products manufacturing facility in LaGrange, Georgia;
- Pretax charges of \$0.3 million for acquisition-related expenses (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statement of income) associated with the acquisition of AACOA by Aluminum Extrusions; and
- Pretax charges of \$0.3 million for severance and other employee-related costs in connection with restructurings in Film Products (\$71,000) and Aluminum Extrusions (\$0.2 million).

Results in the first nine months of 2012 include an unrealized gain from the write-up of an investment accounted for under the fair value method (included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income) of \$9.0 million (\$5.7 million after taxes). An unrealized loss on our investment in Harbinger (included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income and "Corporate expenses, net" in the statement of net sales and operating profit by segment) of \$1.1 million (\$0.7 million after tax) was recorded in the first quarter of 2012 as a result of a reduction in the fair value of our investment that is not expected to be temporary. See Note 7 for additional information on investments.

Accruals of \$11.9 million (\$11.9 million net of tax) were made in the first nine months of 2012 for indemnifications under the purchase agreement related to the sale of aluminum extrusions business in Canada. All transactions related to the divested aluminum extrusions business in Canada have been reflected as discontinued operations.

Income taxes for the first nine months of 2012 include the recognition of an additional valuation allowance of \$1.3 million related to expected limitations on the utilization of assumed capital losses on certain investments recognized in previous years.

Plant shutdowns, asset impairments, restructurings and other items in the first nine months of 2011 shown in the segment operating profit table on page 22 include:

- Pretax charges of \$2.3 million for acquisition-related expenses (included in "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statements of income) associated with the acquisition of Terphane by Film Products;
- Pretax gain of \$1.0 million on the divestiture of our film products business in Roccamontepiano, Italy (included in "Other income (expenses), net" in the consolidated statements of income), which includes the recognition of previously unrealized foreign currency translation gains of \$4.3 million that were associated with the business;
- Pretax charges of \$0.8 million for asset impairments in Film Products;
- Pretax charges of \$0.5 million for severance and other employee-related costs in connection with restructurings in Film Products; and
- Pretax gains of \$19,000 for timing differences between the recognition of realized losses on aluminum futures contracts and related revenues from the delayed fulfillment by customers of fixed-price forward purchase commitments (included in "Cost of goods sold" in the consolidated statements of income).

Interest income, which is included in "Other income (expense), net" in the consolidated statements of income, was \$0.3 million in the first nine months of 2012 and \$0.8 million in 2011. Interest expense, which includes the amortization of debt issue costs, was \$2.7 million in the first nine months of 2012 compared to \$1.1 million for the same period in 2011.

Average debt outstanding and interest rates were as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30	
(In Millions)	2012	2011
Floating-rate debt with interest charged on a rollover basis at one-month LIBOR plus a		
credit spread:		
Average outstanding debt balance	\$107.8	\$ —
Average interest rate	2.2%	n/a
Fixed-rate and other debt:		
Average outstanding debt balance	\$ —	\$.4
Average interest rate	n/a	4.4%
Total debt:		
Average outstanding debt balance	\$107.8	\$.4
Average interest rate	2.2%	4.4%

The effective tax rate used to compute income taxes from continuing operations was 28.0% in the first nine months of 2012 compared with 19.9% in the first nine months of 2011. The significant differences between the U.S. federal statutory rate and the effective tax rate for the first nine months is shown in the table provided in Note 11 on page 19.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Changes in operating assets and liabilities from December 31, 2011 to September 30, 2012 are summarized below:

- Accounts receivable decreased \$2.4 million (2.4%).
  - Accounts receivable in Film Products decreased by \$7.0 million due to the timing of cash receipts.
  - Accounts receivable in Aluminum Extrusions increased by \$4.8 million due to the timing of cash receipts.
  - Accounts receivable for the Other segment decreased \$0.2 million due to timing of cash receipts.
- Inventories increased \$5.0 million (8.1%).
  - Inventories in Film Products increased by approximately \$6.3 million due to the timing of shipments.
  - Inventories for Aluminum Extrusions decreased by approximately \$1.3 million due to the timing of shipments.
- Net property, plant and equipment decreased \$20.9 million (8.1%) due primarily to depreciation of \$34.5 million, a change in the value of the U.S. Dollar relative to foreign currencies (\$5.7 million decrease) and asset impairments of \$0.8 million, partially offset by capital expenditures of \$20.6 million.
- Accounts payable decreased \$5.4 million (7.3%).
  - Accounts payable in Film Products decreased \$8.7 million due to the normal volatility associated with the timing of payments.
  - Accounts payable in Aluminum Extrusions increased by \$4.2 million primarily due to the normal volatility associated with the timing of payments.
  - Accounts payable decreased at corporate and the Other segment by \$0.9 million due to the normal volatility associated with the timing of payments.
- Accrued expenses increased by \$1.5 million (3.7%) primarily due to higher accruals for contract indemnities related to the previous divestiture of our aluminum extrusions business in Canada, partially offset by payments for post-closing purchase price adjustments related to the acquisition of Terphane.
- Net deferred income tax liabilities in excess of assets decreased by \$1.1 million due to various factors, which primarily include adjustments for differences in depreciation methods for tax and financial reporting purposes, partially offset by changes related to expected limitations on the utilization of assumed capital losses and timing differences for certain investments. Income taxes payable increased by \$4.4 million due primarily to the timing of payments.

Cash provided by operating activities was \$49.6 million in the first nine months of 2012 compared with \$48.7 million in the first nine months of 2011. The change is primarily related to normal volatility of working capital components.

Cash used in investing activities was \$22.8 million in the first nine months of 2012 compared with \$9.6 million in the first nine months of 2011. Cash used in investing activities in 2012 primarily includes capital expenditures of \$20.6 million and payments for post-closing purchase price adjustments related to the acquisition of Terphane (\$3.3 million).

Cash used in financing activities was \$51.0 million in the first nine months of 2012 and related to the debt principal payments and financing costs of \$46.4 million and the payment of regular quarterly dividends of \$4.8 million (15 cents per share). Net cash flow used in financing activities was \$3.7 million in the first nine months of 2011 and related to the payment of regular quarterly dividends of \$4.3 million (13.5 cents per share), partially offset by the proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

Further information on cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 are provided in the consolidated statements of cash flows

on page 5.

Net capitalization and indebtedness as defined the Credit Agreement as of September 30, 2012 were as follows:

#### Net Capitalization and Indebtedness as of September 30, 2012 (In Thousands)

(iii Thousanus)	
Net capitalization:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 44,167
Debt:	
\$350 million revolving credit agreement maturing April 23, 2017	80,000
Other debt	_
Total debt	80,000
Debt net of cash and cash equivalents	35,833
Shareholders' equity	406,898
Net capitalization	\$442,731
Indebtedness as defined in revolving credit agreement:	
Total debt	\$ 80,000
Face value of letters of credit	4,670
Other	814
Indebtedness	\$ 85,484

On April 23, 2012, we entered into a \$350 million five-year, unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Credit Agreement"), with an option to increase the amount by an additional \$75 million. The Credit Agreement replaced our previous \$300 million four-year, unsecured revolving credit facility that was due to expire on June 21, 2014. In connection with the refinancing, we borrowed \$102 million under the new revolving credit facility, which was used, together with available cash on hand, to repay all indebtedness under our previous credit agreement. At September 30, 2012, approximately \$229 million was available to borrow under the Credit Agreement based upon the most restrictive covenants. In October 2012, we borrowed an additional \$51 million to fund the acquisition of AACOA, reducing our borrowing capacity accordingly.

The credit spread and commitment fees charged on the unused amount under the Credit Agreement at various indebtedness-to-adjusted EBITDA levels are as follows:

Pricing Under Revolving Credit Agreement (Basis Points)

Indebtedness-to-Adjusted EBITDA Ratio	Credit Spread Over LIBOR	Commitment Fee
> 2.0x but <= 3.0x	200	35
> 1.0x but <=2.0x	175	30
<= 1.0x	150	25

At September 30, 2012, the interest rate on debt under the Credit Agreement existing at that date was priced at one-month LIBOR plus the applicable credit spread of 150 basis points.

The computations of adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBIT, the leverage ratio and interest coverage ratio as defined in the Credit Agreement are presented below. Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBIT as defined in the Credit Agreement are not intended to represent net income (loss) or cash flow from operations as defined by GAAP and should not be considered as either an alternative to net income or to cash flow.

Computations of Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBIT, Leverage Ratio and Interest Coverage Ratio as Defined in the Credit Agreement Along with Related Most Restrictive Covenants

As of and for the Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2012 (In Thousands)

Computations of adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBIT as defined in revolving credit agreement for the twelve months ended September 30, 2012:	
Net income	\$ 17,526
Plus:	э 17,520
After-tax losses related to discontinued operations	15,944
Total income tax expense for continuing operations	15,944
	3,575
Interest expense Depreciation and amortization expense for continuing operations	50,725
All non-cash losses and expenses, plus cash losses and expenses not to exceed \$10,000, for continuing operations that are classified as	50,725
unusual, extraordinary or which are related to plant shutdowns, asset impairments and/or restructurings (cash-related of \$2,403)	8,611
Charges related to stock option grants and awards accounted for under the fair value-based method Losses related to the application of the equity method of accounting	1,606
	_
Losses related to adjustments in the estimated fair value of assets accounted for under the fair value method of accounting Minus:	—
After-tax income related to discontinued operations	—
Total income tax benefits for continuing operations Interest income	(593)
	(582)
All non-cash gains and income, plus cash gains and income in excess of \$10,000, for continuing operations that are classified as	
unusual, extraordinary or which are related to plant shutdowns, asset impairments and/or restructurings	(1,516)
Income related to changes in estimates for stock option grants and awards accounted for under the fair value-based method	(47)
Income related to the application of the equity method of accounting	(47)
Income related to adjustments in the estimated fair value of assets accounted for under the fair value method of accounting	(10,600)
Plus cash dividends declared on investments accounted for under the equity method of accounting	42
Plus or minus, as applicable, pro forma EBITDA adjustments associated with acquisitions and asset dispositions	3,860
Adjusted EBITDA as defined in revolving credit agreement	104,979
Less: Depreciation and amortization expense for continuing operations (including pro forma for acquisitions and asset dispositions)	(52,529)
Adjusted EBIT as defined in revolving credit agreement	\$ 52,450
Shareholders' equity at September 30, 2012 as defined in revolving credit agreement	\$402,080
Computations of leverage and interest coverage ratios as defined in revolving credit agreement at September 30, 2012:	
Leverage ratio (indebtedness-to-adjusted EBITDA)	.81x
Interest coverage ratio (adjusted EBIT-to-interest expense)	14.67x
Most restrictive covenants as defined in revolving credit agreement:	
Maximum permitted aggregate amount of dividends that can be paid by Tredegar during the term of the revolving credit agreement (\$100,000	
plus 50% of net income generated beginning January 1, 2012)	\$108,889
Minimum adjusted shareholders' equity permitted (\$320,000 plus 50% of net income generated, to the extent positive, beginning January 1,	
2012)	\$328,889
Maximum leverage ratio permitted:	
Ongoing	3.00x
Pro forma for acquisitions	2.50x
Minimum interest coverage ratio permitted	2.50x

Noncompliance with any one or more of the debt covenants may have a material adverse effect on financial condition or liquidity in the event such noncompliance cannot be cured or should we be unable to obtain a waiver from the lenders as we would not be permitted to borrow under the credit facility and any amounts outstanding would become due and payable. Renegotiation of the covenant(s) through an amendment to the Credit Agreement may effectively cure the noncompliance, but may have an effect on financial condition or liquidity depending upon how the covenant is renegotiated.

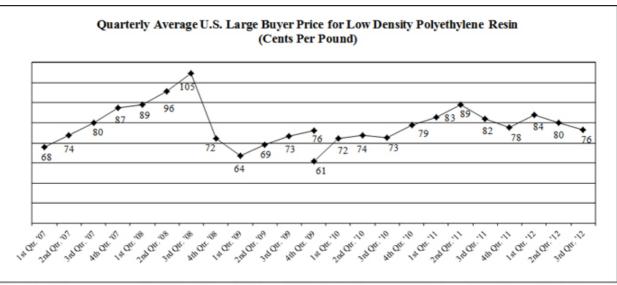
We believe that the existing borrowing availability, our current cash balances and our cash flow from operations will be sufficient to satisfy our working capital, capital expenditure and dividend requirements for the foreseeable future.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Tredegar has exposure to the volatility of interest rates, polyethylene and polypropylene resin prices, Terephtalic Acid ("PTA") and Monoethylene Glycol ("MEG") prices, aluminum ingot and scrap prices, energy prices, foreign currencies and emerging markets. See the liquidity and capital resources section beginning on page 30 regarding credit agreement and interest rate exposures.

Changes in resin, PTA and MEG prices, and the timing of those changes, could have a significant impact on profit margins in Film Products. Profit margins in Aluminum Extrusions are sensitive to fluctuations in aluminum ingot and scrap prices as well as natural gas prices (natural gas is the principal energy source used to operate our casting furnaces). There is no assurance of our ability to pass through higher raw material and energy costs to our customers.

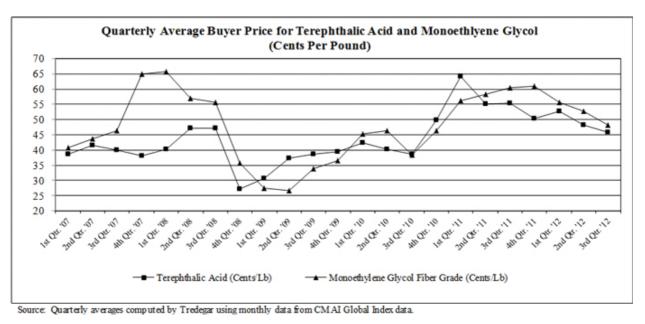
See the executive summary beginning on page 21 for discussion regarding the impact of the lag in the pass-through of resin price changes. The volatility of average quarterly prices of low density polyethylene resin in the U.S. (a primary raw material for Film Products) is shown in the chart below.



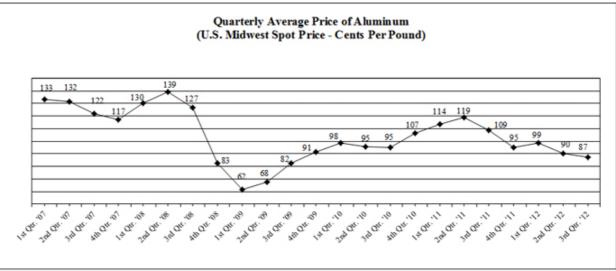
Source: Quarterly averages computed by Tredegar using monthly data provided by Chemical Data Inc. ("CDI"). In January 2010, CDI reflected a 15 cents per pound non-market adjustment based on their estimate of the growth of discounts over the 2005 to 2009 period. The 4th quarter 2009 average rate of 61 cents per pound is shown on a pro forma basis as if the non-market adjustment was made in October 2009.

Resin prices in Europe, Asia and South America have exhibited similar long-term trends. The price of resin is driven by several factors including supply and demand and the price of oil, ethylene and natural gas. To address fluctuating resin prices, Film Products has index-based pass-through raw material cost agreements for the majority of its business. However, under certain agreements, changes in resin prices are not passed through for an average period of 90 days. Pricing on the remainder of our business is based on raw material costs and supply/demand dynamics within the markets in which we compete.

The volatility of average quarterly prices of PTA and MEG (raw materials for Film Products) is shown in the chart below.



In the normal course of business, we enter into fixed-price forward sales contracts with certain customers for the sale of fixed quantities of aluminum extrusions at scheduled intervals. In order to hedge our exposure to aluminum price volatility (see the chart below) under these fixed-price arrangements, which generally have a duration of not more than 12 months, we enter into a combination of forward purchase commitments and futures contracts to acquire or hedge aluminum, based on the scheduled deliveries. See Note 8 on page 14 for additional information. The volatility of quarterly average aluminum prices is shown in the chart below.



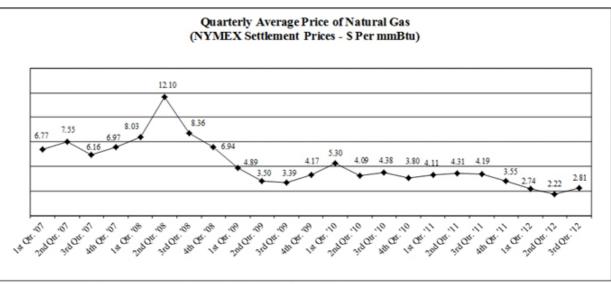
Source: Quarterly averages computed by Tredegar using daily closing data provided by Bloomberg

In Aluminum Extrusions, we hedge from time-to-time a portion of our exposure to natural gas price volatility by entering into fixed-price forward purchase contracts with our natural gas suppliers. We estimate that, in an unhedged situation, every \$1 per mmBtu per month change in the market price of

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natural gas has a \$70,000 impact on the continuing monthly operating profit in Aluminum Extrusions. In September 2005, we announced an energy surcharge for our aluminum extrusions business in the U.S. to be applied when the NYMEX natural gas price is in excess of \$8.85 per mmBtu.

The volatility of quarterly average natural gas prices is shown in the chart below.



Source: Quarterly averages computed by Tredegar using monthly NYMEX settlement prices.

We sell to customers in foreign markets through our foreign operations and through exports from U.S. plants. The percentage of sales for manufacturing operations related to foreign markets for the first nine months of 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

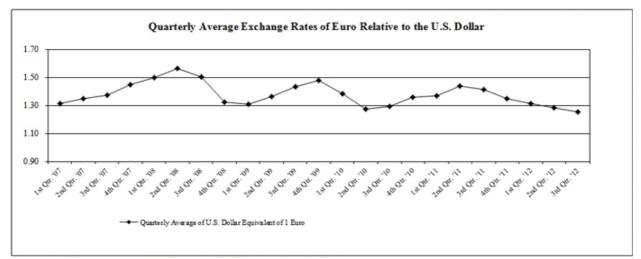
	Percentage of Net Sales from Ongoing Operations Related to Foreign Markets				
		Nine Months Ended September 30			
		2012		2011	
	Exports From U.S.	Foreign Operations	Exports From U.S.	Foreign Operations	
Canada	69	%%	7%	— %	
Europe	1	13	1	16	
Latin America	0	14	1	3	
Asia	7	4	8	4	
Total	149	% 31%	17%	23%	

\* The percentages for foreign markets are relative to Tredegar's total net sales from ongoing operations

We attempt to match the pricing and cost of our products in the same currency and generally view the volatility of foreign currencies (see trends for the Euro, Brazilian Real and Chinese Yuan in the charts below) and emerging markets, and the corresponding impact on earnings and cash flow, as part of the overall risk of operating in a global environment. Exports from the U.S. are generally denominated in U.S. Dollars. Our foreign currency exposure on income from foreign operations relates to the Euro, the Chinese Yuan, the Hungarian Forint, the Brazilian Real and the Indian Rupee.

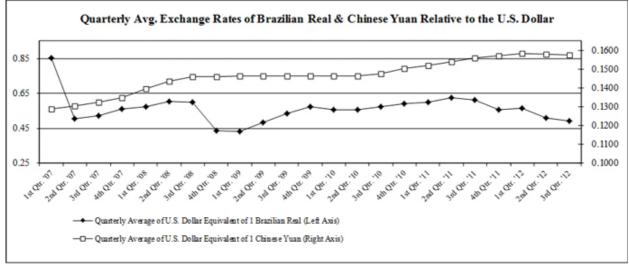
In Film Products, where we are typically able to match the currency of our sales and costs, we estimate that the change in value of foreign currencies relative to the U.S. Dollar had a negative impact on operating profit of approximately \$0.5 million in the third quarter of 2012 compared with the third quarter of 2011 and \$1.0 million in the first nine months of 2012 compared with the first nine months of 2011.

Trends for the Euro are shown in the chart below.



Source: Quarterly averages computed by Tredegar using daily closing data provided by Bloomberg.

Trends for the Brazilian Real and Chinese Yuan are shown in the chart below



Source: Quarterly averages computed by Tredegar using daily closing data provided by Bloomberg

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we carried out an evaluation, with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2012, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There are a number of risks and uncertainties that can have a material effect on the operating results of our businesses and our financial condition. These risk factors have not changed materially since the filing of our 2011 Form 10-K.

#### Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit

Nos.

- 10.1 Change in Control Severance Agreement, effective September 24, 2012, between the Company and Mary Jane Hellyar (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Tredegar Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-10258) filed on September 24, 2012, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 31.1 Certification of Nancy M. Taylor, President and Chief Executive Officer of Tredegar Corporation, pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Kevin A. O'Leary, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer) of Tredegar Corporation, pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of Nancy M. Taylor, President and Chief Executive Officer of Tredegar Corporation, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Kevin A. O'Leary, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer) of Tredegar Corporation, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 101 XBRL Instance Document and Related Items.

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Tredegar Corporation (Registrant)

November 2, 2012

Date: November 2, 2012

Date:

Date: November 2, 2012

/s/ Nancy M. Taylor

Nancy M. Taylor President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Kevin A. O'Leary

Kevin A. O'Leary Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ Frasier W. Brickhouse, II Frasier W. Brickhouse, II Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

I, Nancy M. Taylor, certify that:

(1) I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012 of Tredegar Corporation;

(2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

(3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

(4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;

(5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 2, 2012

/s/ Nancy M. Taylor

Nancy M. Taylor President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) I, Kevin A. O'Leary, certify that:

(1) I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012 of Tredegar Corporation;

(2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

(3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

(4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;

(5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 2, 2012

/s/ Kevin A. O'Leary

Kevin A. O'Leary Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Tredegar Corporation (the "Company") for the period ended September 30, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Nancy M. Taylor, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Nancy M. Taylor

Nancy M. Taylor President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) November 2, 2012

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Tredegar Corporation (the "Company") for the period ended September 30, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Kevin A. O'Leary, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Kevin A. O'Leary

Kevin A. O'Leary Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer) November 2, 2012