

# 2018 First-Quarter Financial Results



# **Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements contained in this presentation are forward-looking statements. Pursuant to federal securities regulations, we have set forth cautionary statements relating to those forward-looking statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, and in other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We urge readers to review and carefully consider these cautionary statements and the other disclosures we make in our filings with the SEC.

This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures that are not determined in accordance with United States GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation, as an alternative to, or more meaningful than measures of financial performance determined in accordance with United States GAAP. A reconciliation of those financial measures to United States GAAP financial measures is included under "Supplemental Information" in this presentation and is available on the company's website at <a href="https://www.tredegar.com">www.tredegar.com</a> under "Investors."

The report speaks as of the date thereof. Tredegar is not, and should not be deemed to be, updating or reaffirming any information contained therein. We do not undertake, and expressly disclaim any duty, to update any forward-looking statements made in this presentation to reflect any change in management's expectations or any change in conditions, assumptions or circumstances on which such statements are based.





(in millions, except per share data)	1Q 2018	1Q 2017	
Net Sales <sup>1</sup>	\$249.9	\$212.7	
Net Income from Ongoing Operations <sup>2</sup>	\$12.9	\$6.0	
Diluted EPS from Ongoing Operations <sup>2</sup>	\$.39	\$.18	

<sup>1</sup> See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

"Earnings per share from ongoing operations in the first quarter of 2018 were 21 cents higher than the first quarter of 2017. More than half, or 13 cents, of this increase came from the reduction in the U.S. corporate income tax rate and lower non-cash depreciation and amortization expenses at Terphane that resulted from asset write-downs in the fourth quarter of last year. From an operations perspective, our Surface Protection component of our PE Films segment continued to benefit from strong demand for displays used in electronic devices, and achieved record-level quarterly profits. In our Personal Care component of PE Films, management is very focused on developing new products and growing sales in its markets while facing a major customer product transition that is expected to start after 2018.

Bonnell Aluminum's profit performance was slightly ahead of the first quarter of 2017. Terphane's profits, while improving significantly due to lower non-cash depreciation and amortization charges, will likely continue to be volatile from quarter-to-quarter due to excess industry capacity, particularly in its core Latin American market."

John Gottwald, CEO and President (first quarter 2018 earnings release)

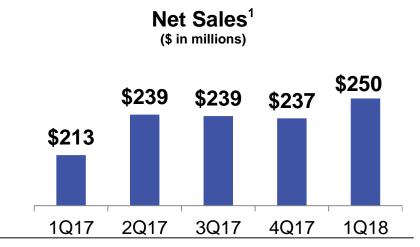
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Note 3 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.



## First Quarter 2018 Net Sales and Net Income

### **Financial Highlights**

- Combined segment operating profit from ongoing operations<sup>3</sup> of \$25.9M in first quarter of 2018:
  - PE Films operating profit of \$14.0M; up \$5.0M Y-O-Y and up \$3.4M sequentially
  - Flexible Packaging (Terphane) operating profit of \$1.7M; a favorable change of \$3.7M Y-O-Y and \$0.9M sequentially
  - Bonnell Aluminum operating profit of \$10.2M; up \$0.4M Y-O-Y and up \$0.9M sequentially, including operating profit of \$0.9M contributed by Futura (acquired 2/15/2017)
- Pension expense for full-year is projected to be \$10.2M, which is \$0.2M favorable to prior year



# Net Income from Ongoing Operations<sup>2</sup> (\$ in millions)



¹ See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Note 3 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Note 5 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

# PE Films (includes Personal Care, Surface Protection & Films for Other Markets)



## 2018 First Quarter Results

13t Quarter 1 criorinance							
(in millions)	1Q 18	1Q 17					
Volume (lbs.)	34.8	35.1	(1)%				
Net Sales <sup>1</sup>	\$93.3	\$86.4	8%				
Operating Profit <sup>2</sup>	\$14.0	\$9.0	55%				
Adj. EBITDA <sup>3</sup>	\$17.9	\$12.3	46%				

1st Quarter Performance

## **Financial Highlights**

- Higher operating profit for first quarter versus last year primarily as a result of:
  - Higher contribution from surface protection films (\$4.7M) due to higher volume and production efficiencies, partially offset by additional labor costs to meet increased demand (\$0.7M)
  - Lower contribution from personal care films (\$1.5M), primarily offset by higher elastics and acquisition distribution layer (ADL) volume (\$0.4M), improved pricing on certain products (\$0.7M) and net favorable change in U.S. \$ value of currencies for operations outside of U.S. (\$0.3M)
  - Realized cost savings from North American facility consolidation completed in 3Q17 (\$1.0M)

## **Other Highlights**

- A significant product transition in Personal Care with annual revenue impact of \$70M is anticipated some time after 2018; in addition to increased R&D spending, the Company is accelerating sales and marketing efforts to capture growth and diversify its customer base and product offerings in personal care
- Possible future customer product transitions to less costly alternative processes or materials in Surface Protection could result in annual adverse profit impact of up to \$5 - \$10M; timing and ultimate amount of transitions is unclear
- R&D spending in PE Films has increased significantly in recent years; (an increase of ~ \$6M in 2017 versus 2014)
- Capital expenditures were \$1.9M for 1Q; capex of \$36 million projected in 2018, including \$14M of a total \$25M expected for North American capacity expansion for elastics in Personal Care, next generation products in Surface Protection (\$7M), other growth and strategic projects (\$5M), and \$10M for routine items to support operations

<sup>1</sup> See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Note 6 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

## Flexible Packaging Films (Terphane)

\$0.6

NA

### 2018 First Quarter Results



1st Quar	ter Perf	ormance	•
(in millions)	1Q 18	1Q 17	
Volume (lbs.)	23.3	22.1	6%
Net Sales <sup>1</sup>	\$28.4	\$26.7	6%
Operating Profit <sup>2</sup>	\$1.7	\$(2.0)	NA

## **Financial Highlights**

\$2.2

 Higher operating profit in first quarter versus last year primarily as a result:

Adj. EBITDA<sup>3</sup>

- Significantly lower depreciation and amortization of \$2.3M resulting from the \$101M non-cash impairment loss recognized in 4Q 2017
- Benefit of \$0.9M resulting from higher volume, improved pricing with higher prices that lagged higher raw material costs, and improved productivity due to higher capacity utilization in the main production facility in Cabo de Santo Agostinho, Brazil ("Cabo")
- Insurance recovery of \$0.3M for a power outage in a prior period at Cabo
- Lower foreign currency transaction losses of \$0.2M (\$0.1M in 2018 versus \$0.3M in 2017)

## **Other Highlights**

- Terphane's quarterly financial results have been volatile, and the Company expects continued uncertainty and volatility until industry capacity utilization and the competitive dynamics in Latin America improve.
- While industry economics are suffering with excess capacity, Terphane is operating at full capacity utilization. It will spend ~ \$1.8M (including \$1M of capex and project expenses of ~\$0.8M) in 2018 to restart an idled production line to participate in expected market growth and defend its market share.
- Capital expenditures were \$0.6M in 1Q 2018 and are projected to be \$5M for 2018 (including \$1M for project referenced above).

<sup>1</sup> See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Note 6 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

## **Aluminum Extrusions** (Bonnell Aluminum)



### 2018 First Quarter Results

### **1st Quarter Performance**

(in millions)	1Q18	1Q17	
Volume (lbs, excl.Futura)	44.3	42.4	4%
Net Sales <sup>1</sup>	\$128.2	\$99.6	29%
Operating Profit <sup>2</sup>	\$10.2	\$9.8	4%
Adj. EBITDA <sup>3</sup>	\$14.4	\$12.7	13%

### **Financial Highlights**

- Futura, which was acquired on 2/15/2017, contributed \$21.0M to sales and \$1.8M to operating profit (vs. \$8.7M to sales and \$0.9M in operating profit in 2017)
- · Higher operating profit versus 1Q17 due to:
  - Higher volume and inflation-related sales prices (\$2.7M), partially offset by higher costs, including utilities, employee-related costs and depreciation (\$1.7M)
  - Continued inefficiencies associated with the new extrusion line in Niles, MI (\$1.5M)

## **Other Highlights**

- Volume increased in Bonnell's nonresidential and specialty product groups in 1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017
- Market outlook for building & construction, automotive and specialty anticipates continued growth through 2019 (see chart on page 20)
- Capex projected at \$16M for 2018, including \$7M for infrastructure upgrades and expanded fabrication and machining capabilities, and \$8M for routine items to support operations

<sup>1</sup> See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Note 6 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.



Year-to-Date 2018 Financial Highlights (as of 3/31/2018)

\$ in millions

Cash Flows from Operations	\$15.0				
Capital Expenditures	\$5.1				
Dividends Paid (quarterly dividend \$.11/share)	\$3.6				
Net Debt <sup>1</sup>	\$104.9				
Total Debt to Adjusted EBITDA <sup>2</sup> (LTM as of 3/31/2018)	1.3x				

<sup>1</sup> As of 3/31/2018. See Note 4 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

2 As defined under Tredegar's credit agreement. See Tredegar's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 (page 30) for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.



Appendix

# Tredegar at a Glance



Major Product Groups	Primary End Markets	Customers	Competitors
PE Films Personal Care: Apertured, elastic and embossed films and laminate materials for personal care markets  Surface Protection: Single and multilayer surface protection films for high technology applications during the manufacturing and transportation process  Bright View Technologies: Highly advanced optical management products which combine microstructure expertise with films capabilities	Feminine hygiene products, baby diapers and adult incontinence products  High-value components of flat panel displays, including liquid crystal display ("LCD") and Organic Light Emitting Diodes ("OLED") displays used in televisions, monitors, notebooks, smartphones, tablets, ereaders and digital signage  LED lighting	Global and regional consumer care producers  Major manufacturers of flat panel display components  Global and regional leaders in LED lighting	Berry Global, Nordenia, Aplix, Pantex, RKW, Yanjan, Koester Toray, Sekisui, Hanjin, Ihlshin Luminit, Fusion Optix, DuPont
Flexible Packaging Films Specialized polyester ("PET") films for use in packaging and industrial applications	Perishable and non-perishable food packaging; non-food packaging and industrial applications	Food and consumer goods packaging, converters and industrial producers	OPP (Oben Group), DuPont Teijin Films, Toray Plastics America, Mitsubishi Polyester Film, JBF Group, Jindal Poly Films, Uflex Packaging Films
Aluminum Extrusions Custom aluminum extrusion profile, custom-designed and manufactured, with value-added service options including anodizing, painting and fabricating for key markets of:  Building and Construction  Automotive  Specialty Markets, including consumer durables, machinery and equipment, electrical, distribution	Building and Construction: Curtain walls and storefronts, commercial windows & doors, commercial canopies and walkway covers, commercial atriums, geodesic domes, skylights and space frame structures, demountable wall and panel systems, shower and tub enclosures, storm shutters, flooring trims (Edgetek™)  Automotive/Transportation: Structural components and crash management systems, suspension arms, noise vibration harshness components, truck grills  Specialty Markets: Furniture and appliances, pleasure craft, refrigerators and freezers, appliances, sporting and fitness equipment, modular framing (TSLOTS™), conveyor systems and linear motion equipment, medical equipment and apparatus, solar panels, LED lighting, electronic	Glazing contractors and fabricators  Tier suppliers to Automotive OEMs  Consumer durables, machinery and equipment, and electrical OEMs; distributors and metal service	Hydro North America, Kaiser Aluminum, Pannex, Magnode, Sierra, Western Extrusions Corp., Keymark Aluminum Corp.
	devices, electrical conduit, industrial modular assemblies, medical equipment, industrial fans, automation systems	centers	

## Tredegar at a Glance

## **Business Strengths**



#### **PE Films**

- > Broad capabilities in high-performance plastic films, elastics, and laminate material technologies
- Global footprint, producing to the highest quality standards, with local supply and service capabilities
- Positive market dynamics and growth trends in multiple end-use markets

#### Flexible Packaging Films

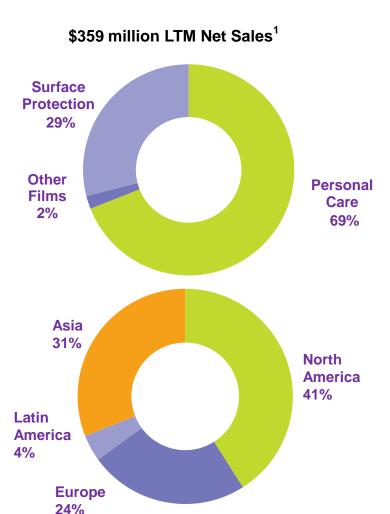
- Industry-leading position in Brazilian and Latin American flexible packaging market with strong long-term relationships with diverse customer base
- Market-focused manufacturing operations in Brazil and U.S. with short lead times and strong customer service; in Brazil, sole domestic supplier of innovative value-added products

#### **Aluminum Extrusions**

- Industry-leading position in nonresidential building and construction and value-added OEM components in North American extrusions market
- Market-focused manufacturing operations and world-class capabilities in extrusion and finishing services (fabrication, painting and anodizing) in five U.S. facilities
- Positive dynamics and growth trends in key markets of building and construction, automotive and specialty are driving demand; Futura acquisition builds presence in OEM, solar, and branded extrusion products

#### **Business Profile**





#### **Key Growth Drivers**

- · Electronics and display market expanding
- Aging baby boomers in developed markets
- Growth of middle class in emerging markets
- Strong growth in LED lighting market

#### **Customers**

- Global and regional consumer care producers
- Major manufacturers of flat panel display components
- Global and regional leaders in LED lighting

#### **Primary End Use Markets**

- Personal care products feminine hygiene, baby diapers and adult incontinence products
- High-value components of flat panel displays, including LCD and OLED televisions, monitors, notebooks, smartphones, tablets and digital signage
- LED and fluorescent lighting

<sup>1</sup> Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

## **Key Market Drivers**



#### **Key Drivers for Surface Protection Films**

- ➤ Flat panel display area growth of 5% CAGR through 2022¹:
  - ➤ TVs represent highest % of total display area (70%) and are growing at 5% CAGR as consumer shift to larger screen models<sup>1</sup>
    - Panel size growing at 1"-2" per year<sup>1</sup>
- Expanded use of touch screen technology, automotive, flexible and OLED displays, and wearables
- As devices become thinner with higher resolution, quality demands are increasing to meet highperformance specifications – Surface Protection high quality masking films improve customer process yields and minimize quality rejects during in-process and shipment applications

#### **Key Drivers for Personal Care Films**

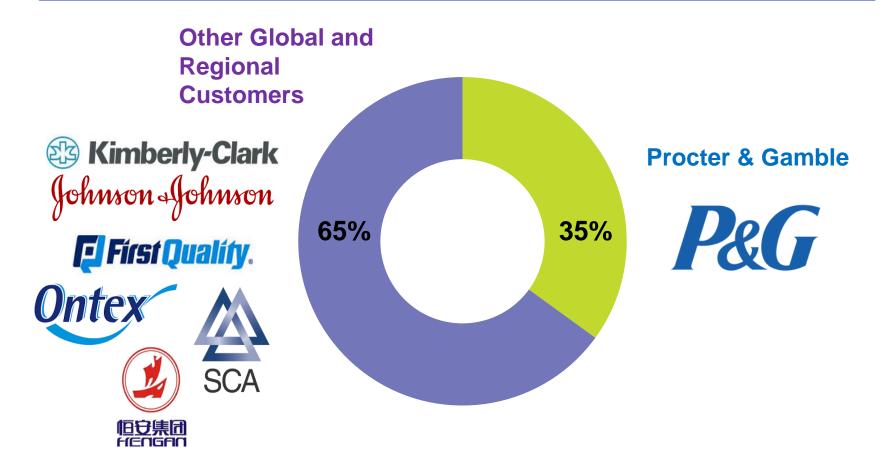
- Positive global market growth trends for absorbent products expected through 2022, driven by gains in adult incontinence products around the world and emerging markets growth in baby diapers:
  - ➤ Global market growth of ~ 3.8% per year, driven by emerging market growth²
  - Baby diapers expected to grow ~ 4.2%²
  - Feminine hygiene expected to grow ~ 2.7%<sup>2</sup>
  - Adult incontinence products expected to grow ~ 9.0%²
- Rapid growth in adult incontinence driven by aging populations and product improvements

<sup>1</sup> IHS Q1 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Price Hanna Consultants, July 2017

#### **Customer Base**



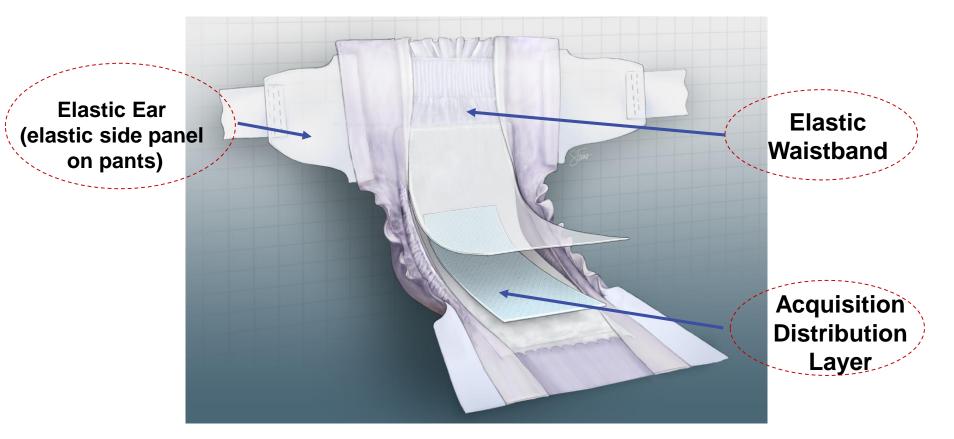


(Based on PE Films 2017 Net Sales<sup>1</sup> \$352 million)

# Tredegar CORPORATION (

## Personal Care Product Development

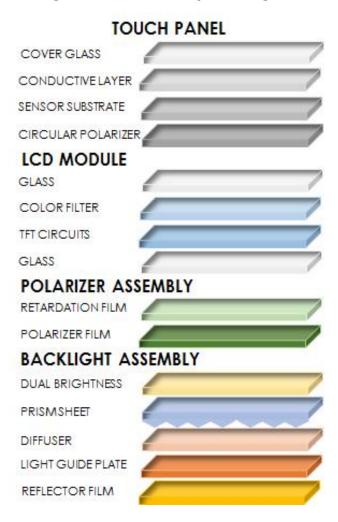
## **Baby Diaper and Adult Incontinence Areas of Development**



# Tredegar corporation

## Surface Protection Overview

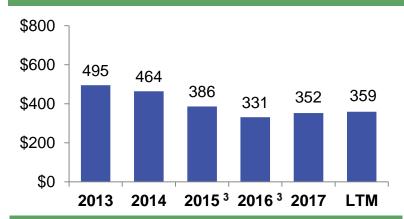
## Typical LCD Optical Stack (examples: TVs, Smartphones)



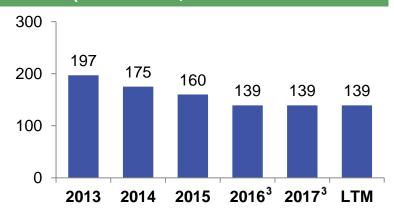
### Annual Historical Financials

# Tredegar CORPORATION (

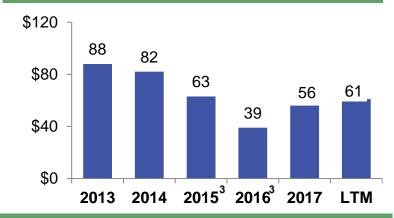




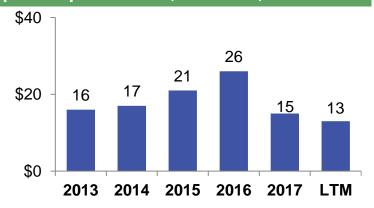
#### Volume (Ibs. in millions)



#### Adjusted EBITDA<sup>2</sup> (\$ in millions)



#### Capital Expenditures (\$ in millions)



<sup>1</sup> Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

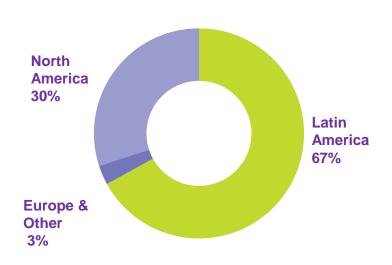
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes sales associated with lost business and product transitions for certain personal care materials. Excluding these sales, pro forma estimates for sales, adjusted EBITDA and volume are net sales of \$347M, adjusted EBITDA of \$53M and volume of 150M lbs. in 2015 and net sales of \$322M, adjusted EBITDA of \$40M and volume of 137M lbs. in 2016.

# Flexible Packaging Films

#### **Business Profile**



#### \$110 million LTM Net Sales<sup>1</sup>



#### **Key Growth Drivers**

- Growing end-user demand for convenience foods, lighter packaging and branded consumer products
- Packaging innovation driving demand for flexible packaging

#### **Customers**

 Global and regional food and consumer goods packaging producers, converters and industrial producers

#### **Primary End Use Markets**

- Perishable and non-perishable food packaging
- Non-food packaging and industrial applications

<sup>1</sup> Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

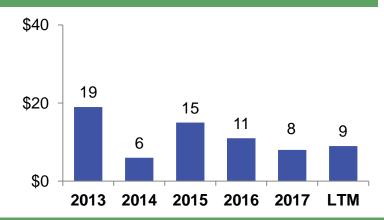
# Flexible Packaging Films

# Tredegar CORPORATION

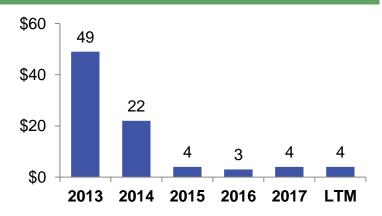
### Annual Historical Financials



#### Adjusted EBITDA<sup>2</sup> (\$ in millions)



#### Capital Expenditures (\$ in millions)



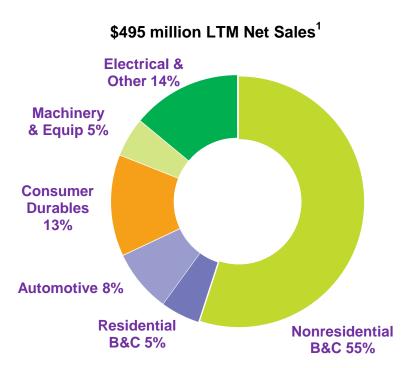
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

## **Aluminum Extrusions**

#### **Business Profile**





#### **Key Market Drivers**

- Nonresidential building and construction recovery with industry growth projected through 2019
- Strong demand for finished products, including anodized and painted products and fabricated components
- Growing aluminum content in vehicles, driven by CAFE (corporate average fuel economy) standards

#### **Customers**

- Glazing contractors and fabricators
- Tier I and II suppliers to automotive OEMs
- Consumer durables, machinery and equipment, and electrical OEMs; distributors and metal service centers

#### **Primary End Use Markets**

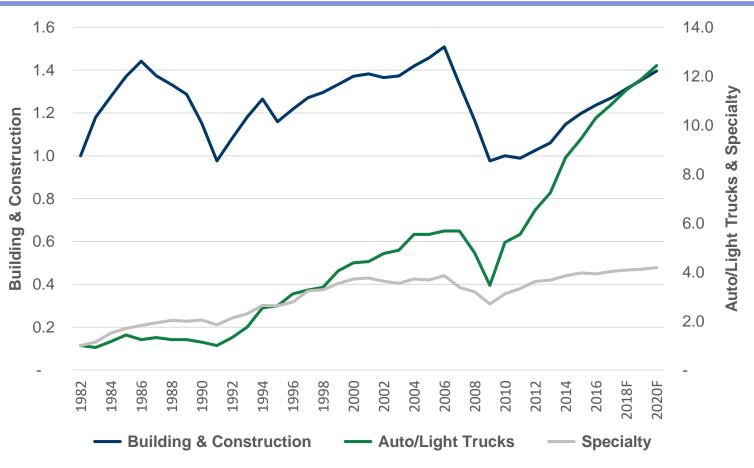
- Curtain wall, store fronts and entrances, doors, windows, wall panels, flooring trims (Edgetek<sup>™</sup>) and other building components
- Automobile and light truck structural components and crash management systems; truck grills
- Furniture and appliances, pleasure craft, modular framing (TSLOTS™), material handling equipment, solar panels, LED lighting, electrical conduit

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

## **Bonnell Aluminum**

# Tredegar CORPORATION

## Key Markets



Note: Index computations based on Aluminum Association data (2017) and CRU Extruded Shapes Market Update, March 2018. Specialty includes aluminum extrusions sold to consumer durables, electrical and machinery markets. Actual results could be materially different from forecasted results shown.

## **Bonnell Aluminum**

# Tredegar corporation

## **Automotive Aluminum Extrusion Applications**

- Crash management system –
   beams and mounting plates, crush cans
- Suspension cut-to-length lineal profile supporting customer forging operation for finished part
- Body and engine mounts precision cut-to-length
- Roof rails
- Structural body profiles
- Machined parts for structural body applications
- Battery structures

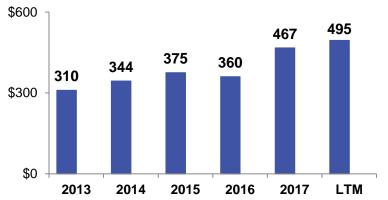


## **Aluminum Extrusions**

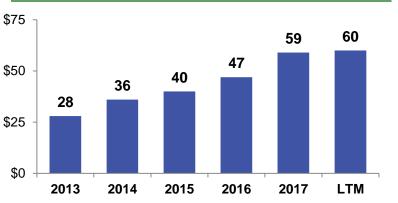
### **Annual Historical Financials**



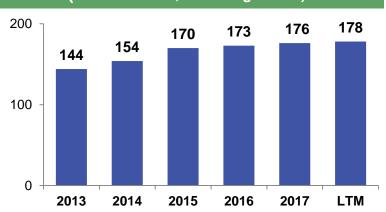




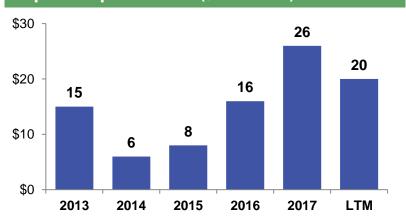
## Adjusted EBITDA<sup>2</sup> (\$ in millions)



#### Volume (Ibs. in millions, excluding Futura)



#### Capital Expenditures (\$ in millions)



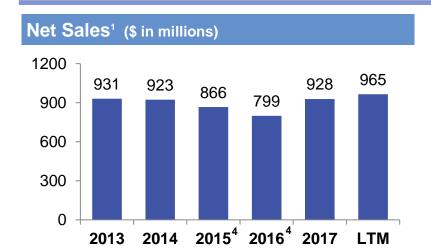
Reflects inclusion of Bonnell's operating division, Futura, subsequent its acquisition date (2/15/2017), except for volume.

<sup>1</sup> Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

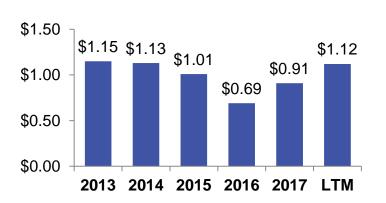
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

### Annual Historical Financials

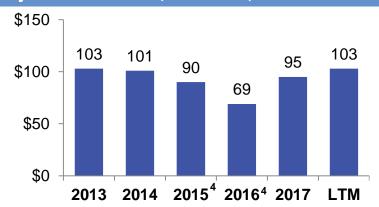




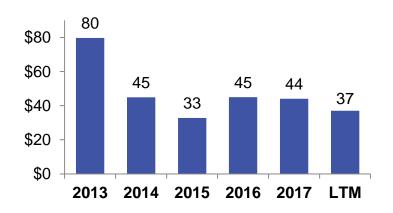
#### Earnings Per Share from Ongoing Ops<sup>3</sup>



#### Adjusted EBITDA<sup>2</sup> (\$ in millions)



#### Capital Expenditures (\$ in millions)



Reflects inclusion of Futura subsequent to its acquisition date (2/15/2017).

<sup>1</sup> Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Diluted earnings per share from ongoing operations. See Note 3 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See PE Films Annual Historical Financials (pg.16) for additional information on impacts to adjusted EBITDA and net sales.



## Capital Expenditures – History & Projections

(\$ in millions)						
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018 <u>Projection<sup>2</sup></u>
PE Films	\$15.6	\$17.0	\$21.2	\$25.8	\$15.0	\$36
Flexible Packaging	49.3	21.8	3.5	3.4	3.6	5
Aluminum Extrusions	14.7	6.1	8.1	15.9	25.7	16
Corporate	0.1	-	-	0.4	0.1	-
Total	79.7	44.9	32.8	45.5	44.4	57
% Net Sales¹	8.6%	4.9%	3.8%	5.7%	4.8%	

#### 2018 capital expenditures are expected to include:

- For PE Films: capacity expansion for North American elastics (\$14M of total \$25M expected); upgrades for next generation surface protection products (\$7M) and other growth and strategic projects (\$5M)
- For Aluminum Extrusions: Infrastructure upgrades and expansion of fabrication and machining capabilities (\$7M)
- For Flexible Packaging Films: Re-start of idled production line in Brazil (\$1M)
- Routine capital expenditures of approximately \$10M for PE Films, \$4M for Flexible Packaging Films and \$8M for Aluminum Extrusions

<sup>1</sup> Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Represents management's current expectation, which is subject to change.



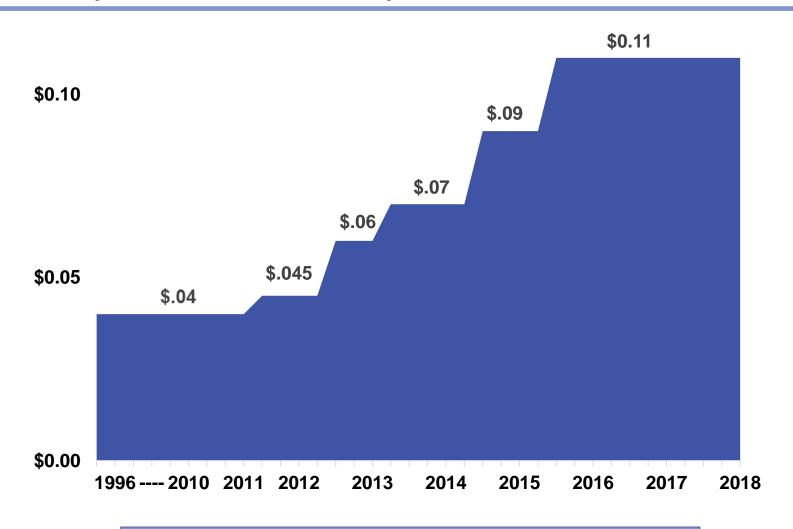


(\$ in millions)	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Cash Flows from Operations	\$83	\$77	\$51	\$74	\$49	\$88
Capital Expenditures	33	80	45	33	45	44
Free Cash Flow <sup>1</sup>	50	(3)	6	41	4	44
Dividends	31	9	11	14	14	15
Acquisitions	58	0	0	0	0	87

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Free cash flow represents cash flows from operations less capital expenditures.

# Tredegar CORPORATION

## **Quarterly Cash Dividend History**



A special dividend of \$.75 per share was paid in 2012





PE Films includes personal care materials, surface protection films, polyethylene overwrap films and films for other markets. Flexible Packaging Films is comprised of our polyester films business, Terphane Holdings LLC. Aluminum Extrusions results include the acquisitions of AACOA, Inc. on October 1, 2012 and Futura Industries Corporation on February 15, 2017. Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this presentation may not add up precisely to the totals provided and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.

#### Notes:

Net sales represent sales less freight. Net sales is a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles
(U.S. GAAP), and it is not intended to represent sales as defined by U.S. GAAP. Net sales is a key measure used by the chief operating decision maker of each
segment for purposes of assessing performance. A reconciliation of net sales to sales is shown below:

	QTD	QTD	QTD	QTD	QTD
(In millions)	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017	Q4 2017	Q1 2018
PE Films	\$86.4	\$89.6	\$89.7	\$86.7	\$93.2
Flexible Packaging Films	26.7	26.6	26.6	28.4	28.4
Aluminum Extrusions	99.6	123.2	122.2	121.9	128.2
Total net sales	212.7	239.4	238.5	237.0	249.9
Add back freight	8.3	7.9	8.6	8.8	8.8
Sales as shown in consolidated statements of income	\$221.0	\$247.3	\$247.1	\$245.8	\$258.7

						LTM
(In millions)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Q1 2018
PE Films	\$495.4	\$464.3	\$385.6	\$331.1	\$352.5	\$359.3
Flexible Packaging Films	125.8	114.3	105.3	108.0	108.3	110.0
Aluminum Extrusions	309.5	344.3	375.5	360.1	466.8	495.5
Total net sales	930.7	923.0	866.3	799.2	927.6	964.8
Add back freight	28.6	28.8	29.8	29.1	33.7	34.2
Sales as shown in consolidated statements of income	\$959.3	\$951.8	\$896.1	\$828.3	\$961.3	\$999.0

2. Adjusted EBITDA represents net income (loss) from continuing operations before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, unusual items, goodwill impairments, gains or losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings, gains or losses from the sale of assets, investment write-downs or write-ups, charges related to stock option awards accounted for under the fair value-based method, goodwill impairment charges and other items. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that is not intended to represent net income (loss) or cash flow from operations as defined by U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as either an alternative to net income (loss) (as an indicator of operating performance) or to cash flow (as a measure of liquidity). Tredegar uses Adjusted EBITDA as a measure of unlevered (debt-free) operating cash flow.

Tredegar also uses it when comparing relative enterprise values of manufacturing companies and when measuring debt capacity. When comparing the valuations of a peer group of manufacturing companies, Tredegar expresses enterprise value as a multiple of Adjusted EBITDA. They believe Adjusted EBITDA is preferable to operating profit and other GAAP measures when applying a comparable multiple approach to enterprise valuation because it excludes the items noted above, measures of which may vary among peer companies.

A reconciliation of ongoing operating profit (loss) from continuing operations to Adjusted EBITDA is shown on the next page. Amounts relating to corporate overhead for the prior years have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation. Adjusted EBITDA in the first, second and third quarters of 2017 and the full years of 2017 and 2016 include adjustments of \$0.2 million, \$0.1 million, less than \$0.1 million, \$0.6 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, for accelerated depreciation associated with the consolidation of PE Films manufacturing facilities in North America.



#### Notes (continued):

Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations Add back depreciation & amortization Less accelerated depreciation associated with plant consolidation Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead Corporate overhead Adjusted EBITDA	\$	41.5 14.7 (0.3) 55.9	\$	(2.6)	\$	43.5		
Add back depreciation & amortization Less accelerated depreciation associated with plant consolidation Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead Corporate overhead	———	14.7 (0.3)	<b>Þ</b>	, ,	Ъ		Φ	
Less accelerated depreciation associated with plant consolidation Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead Corporate overhead		(0.3)					\$	82.4
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead  Corporate overhead				10.4		15.0		40.1
Corporate overhead		55 Y						(0.3)
		00.0		7.8		58.5		122.2
Adjusted EBITDA	Φ.	-	Φ.		Φ.	-	Φ.	(26.8)
	\$	55.9	\$	7.8	\$	58.5	\$	95.4
2016								
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations	\$	26.3	\$	1.8	\$	37.8	\$	65.9
Add back depreciation & amortization		13.6		9.5		9.2		32.3
Less accelerated depreciation associated with plant consolidation		(0.6)		-		-		(0.6)
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead		39.3		11.3		47.0		97.6
Corporate overhead		-		-		-		(28.9)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	39.3	\$	11.3	\$	47.0	\$	68.7
2015								
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations	\$	48.3	\$	5.5	\$	30.4	\$	84.2
Add back depreciation & amortization		15.5		9.7		9.7		34.9
Less accelerated depreciation associated with plant shutdown		(0.4)		-		-		(0.4)
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead		63.4		15.2		40.1		118.7
Corporate overhead		-		-		-		(28.6)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	63.4	\$	15.2	\$	40.1	\$	90.1
2014								
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations	\$	61.0	\$	(2.9)	\$	25.7	\$	83.8
Add back depreciation & amortization	•	21.4	•	9.3	,	9.9	•	40.6
Less accelerated depreciation associated with plant shutdown		_		-		-		-
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead		82.4		6.4		35.6		124.4
Corporate overhead		-		-		-		(23.5)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	82.4	\$	6.4	\$	35.6	\$	100.9
2013	•		•		,		•	
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations	\$	61.9	\$	9.1	\$	18.3	\$	89.3
Add back depreciation & amortization	Ψ	25.6	Ψ	9.7	*	9.2	Ψ	44.5
Less accelerated depreciation associated with plant shutdown				-		- 0.2		
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead		87.5		18.8		27.5		133.8
Corporate overhead		-				27.5		(31.3)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	87.5	\$	18.8	\$	27.5	\$	102.5



#### Notes (continued):

(In millions)			Flexible					
		PE		kaging	Alur	ninum		
	Fi	lms	Fi	lms	Extr	usions	7	Total
Quarter Ended March 31, 2018								
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations	\$	14.0	\$	1.7	\$	10.2	\$	25.9
Add back depreciation & amortization		3.9		0.4		4.2		8.5
Less accelerated depreciation associated with plant consolidation		-		-		-		<u>-</u>
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead		17.9		2.2		14.4		34.4
Corporate overhead		-		-		-		(7.6)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	17.9	\$	2.2	\$	14.4	\$	26.8
Quarter Ended March 31, 2017								
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations	\$	9.0	\$	(2.0)	\$	9.8	\$	16.9
Add back depreciation & amortization		3.5		2.6		2.8		8.9
Less accelerated depreciation associated with plant consolidation		(0.2)						(0.2)
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead		12.3		0.6		12.7		25.6
Corporate overhead		-		-		-		(5.9)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	12.3	\$	0.6	\$	12.7	\$	19.7
Last Twelve Months Ended March 31, 2018								
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations	\$	46.5	\$	1.1	\$	43.8	\$	91.5
Add back depreciation & amortization		15.0		8.3		16.4		39.7
Less accelerated depreciation associated with plant consolidation		(0.1)		-		-		(0.1)
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead		61.4		9.4		60.3		131.1
Corporate overhead		-		-		-		(28.6)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	61.4	\$	9.4	\$	60.3	\$	102.5



#### Notes (continued):

3. The after-tax effects of losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings and gains or losses from the sale of assets and other items (which includes unrealized gains and losses for an investment accounted for under the fair value method) have been presented separately and removed from income (loss) and earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations as reported under U.S. GAAP to determine Tredegar's presentation of net income and earnings per share from ongoing operations. Net income and earnings per share from ongoing operations are key financial and analytical measures used by Tredegar to gauge the operating performance of its ongoing operations. They are not intended to represent the stand-alone results for Tredegar's ongoing operations under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income or earnings per share from continuing operations as defined by U.S. GAAP. They exclude items that we believe do not relate to Tredegar's ongoing operations. A reconciliation is shown below:

Earnings (loss) from continuing operations per share under GAAP (diluted)
After tax effects of:
(Gains) losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings
(Gains) losses from sale of assets and other
Goodwill impairment charge

Terphane asset impairment loss

Earnings per share from ongoing operations (diluted)

(in millions, except per share data)

(in millions, except per share data)

Net income (loss) from continuing operations as reported under U.S. GAAP After tax effects of:

 $(\mbox{Gains})\ \mbox{losses associated with plant shutdowns},\ \mbox{asset impairments and restructurings}$ 

(Gains) losses from sale of assets and other

Terphane asset impairment loss

Net income from ongoing operations

Earnings (loss) from continuing operations per share under GAAP (diluted)

After tax effects of:

(Gains) losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings

(Gains) losses from sale of assets and other

Terphane asset impairment loss

Earnings per share from ongoing operations (diluted)

									LTM		
2	2013		2014		2015	2016	2017	Q1 2018			
\$	35.9	\$	36.0	\$	(32.1)	\$ 24.5	\$ 38.3	\$	52.7		
	0.9		2.0		3.0	3.1	1.4		0.9		
	0.5		(1.2)		17.7	(4.9)	(96.8)		(103.7)		
	-		-		44.5	-	-		-		
	-		-		-	-	87.2		87.2		
\$	37.3	\$	36.8	\$	33.1	\$ 22.7	\$ 30.1	\$	37.1		
\$	1.10	\$	1.11	\$	(0.99)	\$ 0.75	\$ 1.16	\$	1.60		
	0.03		0.06		0.09	0.09	0.04		0.02		
	0.02		(0.04)		0.54	(0.15)	(2.94)		(3.15)		
	-		-		1.37	-	-		-		
							2.65		2.65		
\$	1.15	\$	1.13	\$	1.01	\$ 0.69	\$ 0.91	\$	1.12		

Q1 2017		Q	2 2017	Q	3 2017	(	Q4 2017	Q1 2018			
\$	3.7	\$	44.2	\$	8.3	\$	(17.9)	\$	18.2		
	0.6		-		0.3		0.5		0.1		
	1.7		(35.9)		0.8		(63.4)		(5.3)		
	-		-		-		87.2		-		
\$	6.0	\$	8.3	\$	9.4	\$	6.4	\$	12.9		
\$	0.11	\$	1.34	\$	0.25	\$	(0.54)	\$	0.55		
	0.02		-		0.01		0.01		-		
	0.05		(1.09)		0.02		(1.92)		(0.16)		
	-		-		-		2.65		-		
\$	0.18	\$	0.25	\$	0.28	\$	0.20	\$	0.39		



#### Notes (continued):

4. Net debt is a non-GAAP financial measure that is not intended to represent debt as defined by GAAP, but is utilized by management in evaluating financial leverage and equity valuation. A calculation of net debt is shown below:

(In millions)	Marc	March 31,				
	20	)18				
Debt	\$	141.0				
Less: Cash and cash equivalents		(36.1)				
Net debt	\$	104.9				



#### Notes (continued):

5. Operating profit from ongoing operations is used by management to assess profitability. A reconciliation of operating profit from ongoing operations to net income is show below:

Operating profit (loss): (in thousands)		2013		2014		2015	2016		2017	Q <sup>2</sup>	1 2017	O	1 2018
PE Films:		20.0				20.0	20.0		2011				. 2010
Ongoing operations	\$	61.866	\$	60,971	\$	48,275 \$	26,312	\$	41,546	\$	9.031	\$	14,034
Plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings, gain	Ψ	01,000	Ψ	00,371	Ψ	40,275 ψ	20,512	Ψ	+1,0+0	Ψ	3,001	Ψ	14,004
from sale of assets and other items		(671)		(12,238)		(4,180)	(4,602)		(4,905)		(2,068)		(1,052)
Flexible Packaging Films:		(0)		(12,200)		(1,100)	( .,002)		(1,000)		(=,000)		(1,002)
Ongoing operations		9,100		(2,917)		5,453	1,774		(2,626)		(1,998)		1,715
Plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings, gain		-,		( ,- ,		-,	,		( )/		( , ,		, -
from sale of assets and other items		-		(589)		(185)	(214)		(89,398)		-		-
Goodwill Impairment charge		-		` -		(44,465)	` -		-		-		-
Aluminum Extrusions:													
Ongoing operations		18,291		25,664		30,432	37,794		43,454		9,829		10,199
Plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings, gain													
from sale of assets and other items		(2,748)		(976)		(708)	(741)		321		(4,341)		(53)
Total		85,838		69,915		34,622	60,323		(11,608)		10,453		24,843
Interest income		594		588		294	261		209		74		56
Interest expense		2,870		2,713		3,502	3,806		6,170		1,180		1,644
Gain on sale of investment property		-		1,208		-	-		-		-		-
Unrealized loss on investment property		(1,018)		-		-	(1,032)		-		-		-
Gain (loss) from an investment accounted for under the fair value method		3,400		2,000		(20,500)	1,600		33,800		3,300		8,200
Stock option-based compensation costs		1,155		1,272		483	56		264		3		86
Corporate expenses, net		31,857		24,310		33,638	29,607		30,879		6,523		7,918
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		52,932		45,416		(23,207)	27,683		(14,912)		6,121		23,451
Income taxes		16,995		9,387		8,928	3,217		(53, 163)		2,418		5,287
Income (loss) from continuing operations		35,937		36,029		(32, 135)	24,466		38,251		3,703		18,164
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax		(13,990)		850		-	-		-		-		
Net income (loss)	\$	21,947	\$	36,879	\$	(32,135) \$	24,466	\$	38,251	\$	3,703	\$	18,164