UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): November 12, 2014 (November 11, 2014)

TREDEGAR CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Virginia (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation) 001-10258 (Commission File Number) 54-1497771 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

1100 Boulders Parkway, Richmond, Virginia 23225 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(804) 330-1000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

 $\label{eq:NA} N/A$ (Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

- □ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 7.01. Regulation FD

As previously disclosed, on November 11, 2014, Tredegar Corporation ("Tredegar" or the "Company") presented at Baird's Industrial Conference and the slides utilized in the Company's presentation were posted to the Company's website at www.tredegar.com under the "Investors" tab. The presentation is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report and is incorporated by reference into this Item 7.01.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the information in Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K, including the exhibits hereto, shall not be deemed "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. The information in Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing or other document pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing or document.

A cautionary note about forward-looking statements: Some of the information contained in this Current Report may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When we use the words "believe," "estimate," "anticipate," "expect," "project," "likely," "may" and similar expressions, we do so to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are based on our then current expectations and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those addressed in the forward-looking statements. It is possible that our actual results and financial condition may differ, possibly materially, from the anticipated results and financial condition indicated in or implied by these forward-looking statements. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ from expectations include, without limitation: acquired businesses, including Terphane Holdings LLC ("Terphane") and AACOA, Inc. ("AACOA"), may not achieve the levels of revenue, profit, productivity, or otherwise perform as we expect; acquisitions, including our acquisitions of Terphane and AACOA, involve special risks, including without limitation, diversion of management's time and attention from our existing businesses, the potential assumption of unanticipated liabilities and contingencies and potential difficulties in integrating acquired businesses and achieving anticipated operational improvements; Film Products is highly dependent on sales to one customer — The Procter & Gamble Company; growth of Film Products depends on its ability to develop and deliver new products at competitive prices; sales volume and profitability of Aluminum Extrusions are cyclical and highly dependent on economic conditions of end-use markets in the U.S., particularly in the construction sector, and are also subject to seasonal slowdowns; our substantial international operations subject us to risks of doing business in foreign countries, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations; our future performance is influenced by costs incurred by our operating companies, including, for example, the cost of energy and raw materials; and the other factors discussed in the reports Tredegar files with or furnishes to the SEC from time to time, including the risks and important factors set forth in additional detail in "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of Tredegar's 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K (the "2013 Form 10-K") filed with the SEC. Readers are urged to review and consider carefully the disclosures Tredegar makes in its filings with the SEC, which include the 2013 Form 10-K.

Tredegar does not undertake, and expressly disclaims any duty, to update any forward-looking statement made in this Current Report to reflect any change in management's expectations or any change in conditions, assumptions or circumstances on which such statements are based.

To the extent that the financial information portion of the investor presentation attached as Exhibit 99.1 contains non-GAAP financial measures, it also presents both the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP and a quantitative reconciliation of the difference between any such non-GAAP measures and such comparable GAAP financial measures. Accompanying the reconciliation is management's statement concerning the reasons why management believes that presentation of non-GAAP measures provides useful information to investors concerning Tredegar's financial condition and results of operations. Reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures are provided in the GAAP Reconciliations section included with the investor presentation attached as Exhibit 99.1 and can also be found within Presentations in the Investors section of its website, www.tredegar.com. Tredegar uses its website as a channel of distribution of material company information. Financial information and other material information regarding Tredegar is posted on and assembled in the "Investors" section of its website.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No.

No. Description

99.1 Tredegar Corporation Investor Presentation, November 2014 (furnished pursuant to Item 7.01)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 12, 2014

INTREXON CORPORATION

By: /s/ A. Brent King

A. Brent King

Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT DESCRIPTION

99.1 Tredegar Corporation Investor Presentation, November 2014 (furnished pursuant to Item 7.01)



Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this presentation are forward-looking statements. Pursuant to federal securities regulations, we have set forth cautionary statements relating to those forward-looking statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We urge readers to review and carefully consider these cautionary statements and the other disclosures we make in our filings with the SEC.

This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures that are not determined in accordance with United States GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation, as an alternative to, or more meaningful than measures of financial performance determined in accordance with United States GAAP. A reconciliation of those financial measures to United States GAAP financial measures is included under "Supplemental Information" in this presentation and is available on the company's website at www.tredegar.com under "Investors."

The presentation speaks as of the date thereof. Tredegar is not, and should not be deemed to be, updating or reaffirming any information contained therein. We do not undertake, and expressly disclaim any duty, to update any forward-looking statements made in this presentation to reflect any change in management's expectations or any change in conditions, assumptions or circumstances on which such statements are based.



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Business Profile

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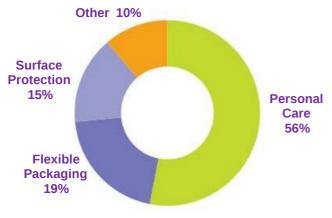
1 Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

Global footprint North America Kerkrade, The Netherlands Bloomfield, NY Rétság, Hungary Lake Zurich, IL Morrisville, NC* Pottsville, PA Richmond, VA* Asia - Films Terre Haute, IN Guangzhou, China Newnan, GA Shanghai, China Pune, India Carthage, TN Elkhart, IN Niles, MI Cabo de Santo Agostinho, Brazil Tredeg * Leased facilities

Tredegar Film Products

Business Profile

(\$590 million Net Sales 1 in LTM 2014)



(\$ in millions)	
LTM Net Sales¹	\$590
LTM Adjusted EBITDA ²	\$92
Adjusted EBITDA Margin ²	15.6%

Customers

- Global and regional consumer care producers
- Major manufacturers of flat panel display components
- Major food packaging producers and converters

Primary End Use Markets

- Personal care products feminine hygiene, baby diapers and adult incontinence products
- Flexible packaging food
- High-value components of flat panel displays, including LCD televisions, monitors, notebooks, smartphones, tablets and digital signage
- Films for other markets, such as lighting

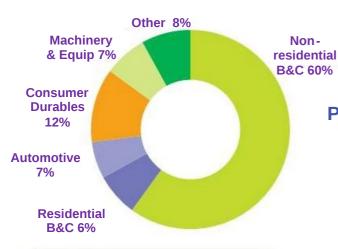
¹ Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure. ² See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.



Bonnell Aluminum

Business Profile





(\$ in millions)

LTM Net Sales¹ \$327

LTM Adjusted EBITDA² \$34

Adjusted EBITDA Margin² 10.5%

Customers

- · Glazing contractors and fabricators
- Consumer durables, machinery and equipment, and electrical OEMs
- Tier I and II suppliers to automotive OEMs

Primary End Use Markets

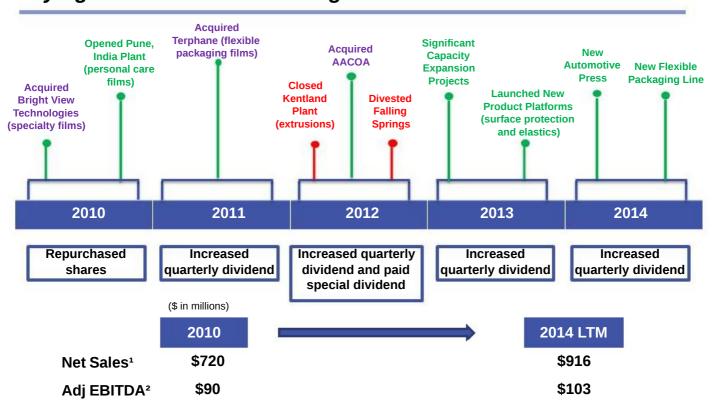
- Curtain wall, store fronts and entrances, doors, windows, wall panels and other building components
- Consumer durables such as major appliances, pleasure boats and recreational watercraft, office and institutional furniture
- Material handling equipment, linear motion and conveying systems, modular framing
- Automobile and light truck structural components

¹ Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure. ² See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.



Translating Strategy into Action

Laying the Foundation for Long-term Growth



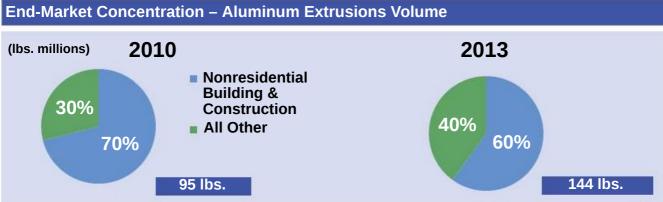
Reflects inclusion of acquisitions subsequent to their acquisition dates: Bright View (2/3/10), Terphane (10/24/11) and AACOA (10/1/12).

¹ Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure. ² See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.



Translating Strategy into Action





¹ Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.



Translating Strategy into Action

- Well-positioned for future growth in attractive markets
 - Leadership positions in diverse markets
 - Investments in added capacity and capabilities are in place
 - Strength of product innovation is driving additional value
- Opportunity for strong earnings growth and cash flow generation
- > Actively returning capital to shareholders



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Key Market Drivers Creating Growth Opportunities – Film Products







Key Market Drivers for Surface Protection Films:

- New technologies for high-end TVs, tablets, phablets and smartphones are driving growth
 - Expanded use of touch screen technology
 - Screens getting larger; flat panel display area projected to grow 6% in 2015¹
 - Unit growth in TVs expected as consumers upgrade (ex. ultra-high definition, 4k technology)
- Increasing quality demands to meet highperformance specifications – throughput and yield critical to long-term competitiveness

¹NPD DisplaySearch, September 12, 2014



Key Market Drivers Creating Growth Opportunities - Film Products







Key Market Drivers for Personal Care Films:

- Global growth for personal care products incremental volume 2014 through 2020¹:
 - > 83 billion pads (3.9% CAGR)
 - > 50 billion diapers (4.5% CAGR)
 - Over 700 million women aged 12-49 in India and China²
- Aging baby-boomers consuming retail adult incontinence products:
 - Global incremental volume of 17 billion units 2014 through 2019¹ (7.9% CAGR)
 - Developed markets represent approximately two-thirds of global growth



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¹ Price Hanna Consultants, June 2014

² International Data Base, U.S. Census

Key Market Drivers Creating Growth Opportunities – Film Products







Key Market Drivers for Flexible Packaging:

- Middle class consumption in emerging markets, including Brazil
- Growing end-user demand for convenience foods, lighter packaging and branded consumer products
- PET film offers technical advantages such as temperature resistance, high dimensional stability and barrier properties
- Global growth of PET films projected at over 7% per year through 2018¹



¹ PCI, "World BOPET Market 2013-2018 Statistical Summary", May 2014

Key Market Drivers Creating Growth Opportunities - Bonnell Aluminum







Key Market Drivers for Nonresidential Construction, Industrial & Specialty Markets:

- Improving nonresidential building and construction market
 - > 5-6% annual industry growth projected through 2018¹
- Growth of industrial and specialty markets, such as consumer durables and machinery & equipment
 - > 3% annual industry growth through 2018²
- Strong demand for finished products, including anodized and painted product and fabricated components



¹ FMI Construction Outlook, 3Q2014

²Lawrence Capital Management, "Quarterly Downstream Outlook", September 2014

Key Market Drivers Creating Growth Opportunities







Key Market Drivers for Automotive Extrusions:

- Cars being re-engineered to decrease weight and improve fuel efficiency – growing aluminum content in vehicles
- Limited qualified supply in place to meet demand
- Bonnell extrusions are supporting significant platforms such as Chrysler Jeep Cherokee
- > 7 out of 10 pick-up trucks projected to be aluminum-intensive vehicles by 2025¹

1 Ducker International, "NorthCoast Quarterly Aluminum Update", July 2014



Committed to Increasing Shareholder Value

- Return on invested capital expected to be in the range of 11-12% by year-end 2016 from current rate of ~ 9%
- Dividend increases convey confidence in long-term financial outlook and cash flow generation
- With a balanced view towards capital allocation, we have the flexibility to invest in our businesses, pay dividends, and repurchase shares



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Translating Strategy into Action

- Well-positioned for future growth in attractive markets
 - Leadership positions in diverse markets
 - Investments in added capacity and capabilities are in place
 - Strength of product innovation is driving additional value
- Opportunity for strong earnings growth and cash flow generation
- > Actively returning capital to shareholders





Company Overview

- Created in 1989: Ethyl Corp. (now NewMarket Corp.) spin-off
- Evolved from holding company to premier manufacturing operating company
- Superior manufacturing capabilities in plastic films and aluminum extrusions industries
- Leadership positions in core markets with attractive growth opportunities and strong long-term relationships with marketleading customers
- Attractive financial profile with financial flexibility and history of strong cash generation
- 2010 2014: Refocused company to drive profitable growth in core manufacturing businesses and diversified through growth to reduce customer and market concentration

Key Facts

- NYSE: TG
- Market Cap: \$616MM (as of Oct 31, 2014)
- > HQ: Richmond, VA
- Global footprint:
 - 2,700 employees
 - 17+ locations in North and South America, Europe and Asia
- Quarterly dividend: \$0.09 / share



Tredegar At A Glance

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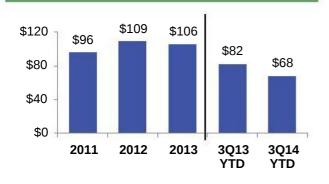
Major Products	Primary End-Markets	Customers	Key Competitors
Film Products			
Personal Care Materials: Apertured, breathable, elastic and embossed films and laminate materials for personal care markets	Feminine hygiene products, baby diapers and adult incontinence products	Global and regional consumer care producers	Clopay, Nordenia, Aplix, Pantex
Surface Protection: Single and multi-layer surface protection films for high technology applications during the manufacturing and transportation process	High-value components of flat panel displays, including liquid crystal display ("LCD") televisions, monitors, notebooks, smartphones, tablets, e-readers and digital signage	Major manufacturers of flat panel display components	Toray, Sekesui, Hitachi
Flexible Packaging Films: Specialized polyester ("PET") films for use in packaging applications	Perishable and non-perishable food packaging; non-food packaging and industrial applications	Major food packaging converters and producers	DuPont Teijin,Toray Plastics America, Mitsubishi
Polyethylene Overwrap and Polypropylene Films: Films for use in thin-gauge packaging and other applications	Overwrap for bathroom tissue and paper towels, medical devices, automotive and industrial applications	Global and regional consumer care producers	Bemis, Berry Plastics
Films for Other Markets: Films combining multiple technology platforms for application- specific functionality, including optical management	Lighting, signage, durable goods, automotive and construction applications	Global and regional leaders in LED lighting	Luminit, Fusion Optix, DuPont
Aluminum Extrusions			
Custom aluminum extrusion profiles supplied in various finishing and value-added service options including mill (unfinished), anodized, painted, fabricated, machined, cut-to-length, assembled, custom packed and labeled for: Nonresidential and residential construction Automotive Consumer durables Machinery and equipment Electrical Distribution	Nonresidential Construction: Doors, windows, pre-engineered structures, wall panels, partitions and interior enclosures, ducts, louvers and vents, curtain wall (commercial/architectural/monumental), store fronts and entrances, walkway covers Residential Construction: Shower and tub enclosures, storm shutters Automotive and Transportation: Automobile/light truck structural components, recreational vehicles, trim parts, after-market accessories Consumer Durables: Commercial refrigerators and freezers, office and institutional furniture, major appliances, swimming pools, pleasure boats, recreational motorized watercraft Machinery and Equipment: Material handling equipment, linear motion and conveyor systems, modular framing (commercial and industrial), hospital and patient care equipment Electrical: Commercial and industrial LED lighting housings and heatsinks, solar panels, rigid and flexible conduit	Glazing contractors and fabricators Tier suppliers to Automotive OEMS Consumer durables, machinery and equipment, electrical OEMs	Sapa North America, Kaiser Aluminum, Western Extrusions Corp., Keymark Aluminum Corp.
	Distribution: Metal service centers	Metal service centers	

Tredegar Film Products

Annual Historical Financials

Volume (lbs. in millions) 270 270 300 250 219 206 185 200 150 100 50 0 2012 2013 3Q13 3Q14 2011 YTD YTD

Adjusted EBITDA 1 (\$ in millions)



2014 Performance Drivers:

- Lower North American baby care elastic laminate volume in 2014 (as previously announced)
- Lower volume, pricing pressure and manufacturing inefficiencies in flexible packaging
- Capacity from new flexible packaging line delayed (previously expected in 2Q); line ramping up in 4Q
- Customer inventory corrections and minor share loss in surface protection films

Reflects inclusion of Terphane subsequent to acquisition date of 10/24/11 and Bright View subsequent to acquisition date of 2/3/10.

¹ See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.



Bonnell Aluminum

Annual Historical Financials

Volume (lbs. in millions) 144 160 115 114 108 109 110 60 10 2011 2012 2013 3Q13 3Q14 -40 YŤD YŤD

Adjusted EBITDA (\$ in millions)



2014 Performance Drivers:

- Volume up with growth in nonresidential B&C, automotive and machinery & equipment
- Nonresidential B&C volume up 4% year-to-date, consistent with industry growth
- Favorable mix strength in finished and fabricated products
- Operating efficiencies and cost containment helping margins

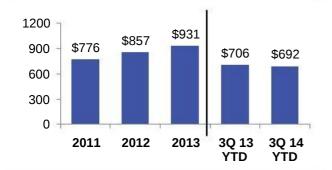
Reflects inclusion of AACOA subsequent to acquisition date of 10/1/12.



¹ See Note 2 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

Annual Historical Financials

Net Sales 1 (\$ in millions)



Earnings Per Share from Ongoing Ops 3

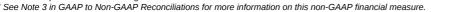


2014 Performance Drivers:

- Volume growth and favorable product mix in Bonnell Aluminum
- Near-term challenges in Film **Products**
- Non-cash pension expense \$5.1MM favorable to prior year
- Effective tax rate for net income from ongoing operations ² at 34% vs. 31% for the first nine months of 2013; increase primarily resulting from geographic income mix and R&D credit

Reflects inclusion of acquisitions subsequent to their acquisition dates: Bright View (2/3/10); Terphane (10/24/11) and AACOA (10/1/12).

¹ Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.



² See Note 3 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.
³ Diluted earnings per share from ongoing operations. See Note 3 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.



Other 2014 Year-to-Date Financial Highlights

\$ in millions, except percentages

Cash Flows from Operations	\$37.2
Capital Expenditures	\$32.6
Dividends Paid	\$8.1
Net Debt ¹	\$86.9
Net Debt to Total Capitalization ²	17.3%
Total Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ³ (LTM as of 9/30/2014)	1.43x
ROIC ⁴ (LTM as of 9/30/2014)	8.9%

4 See Note 7 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.



¹ As of 9/30/2014. See Note 4 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure. 2 As of 9/30/2014. See Note 5 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure. 3 As defined under Tredegar's credit agreement. See Tredegar's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 (pages 32-33) for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

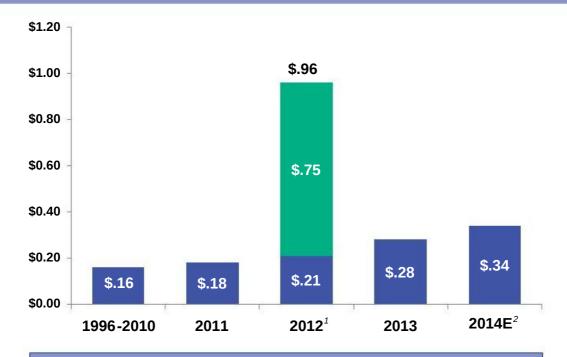
Strong Cash Generation Profile

(\$ millions)	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
Cash Flows from Operations	\$46	\$72	\$83	\$77
Capital Expenditures	20	16	33	80
Free Cash Flow ¹	26	56	50	(3)
Dividends	5	6	31	9
Acquisitions	6	181	58	0
Share Repurchases	35	0	0	0



 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\mbox{Free}$ cash flow represents cash flows from operations less capital expenditures.

Cash Dividend History



- Quarterly dividends have more than doubled since 2010.
- A special dividend of \$.75 per share was paid in 2012.



¹ Includes special dividend of \$.75 per share.

² Estimate based upon current dividend payouts, reflecting annualized increase of \$.02 per share approved in May 2014.

Capital Expenditures History

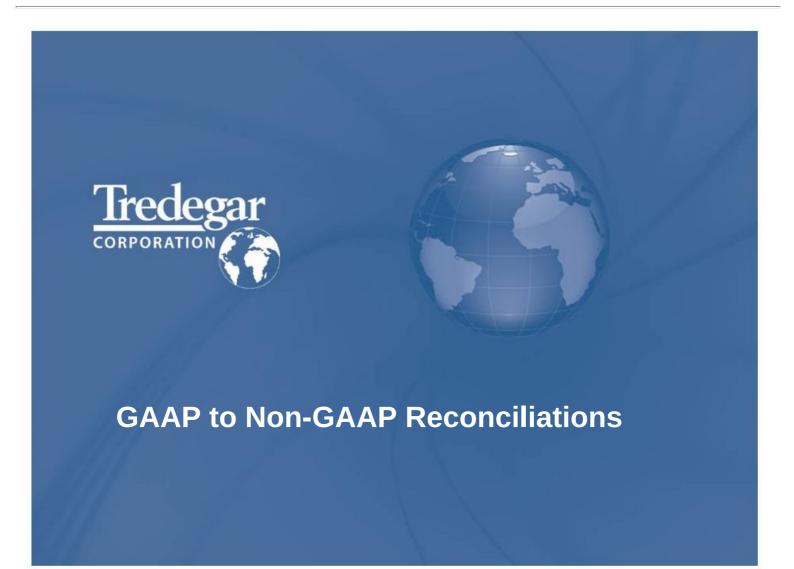
(\$ millions)					
Capital Expenditures	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014 Projection ²
Film Products	15.8	13.1	30.5	64.9	40.0
Bonnell Aluminum	4.3	2.7	2.3	14.7	8.0
Corporate	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.1	-
Total	20.4	15.9	33.3	79.7	48.0
% Net Sales ¹	2.8%	2.0%	3.9%	8.6%	

2014 capital expenditures are projected to include approximately \$20 million for routine capital expenditures (\$15MM for Film Products and \$5MM for Bonnell Aluminum)



¹ Net sales represent sales less freight. See Note 1 in GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations for more information on this non-GAAP financial measure.

² Represents management's current expectation, which is subject to change.



Tredegar acquired Bright View Technologies Corporation on February 3, 2010, and its operations were incorporated into Film Products effective January 1, 2012. Prior year balances have been revised to conform with the current year presentation.

Film Products results include the acquisition of Terphane Holdings LLC on October 24, 2011. Bonnell Aluminum results include the acquisition of AACOA, Inc. on October 1, 2012.

Notes:

 Net sales represent sales less freight. Net sales is a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP), and it is not intended to represent sales as defined by U.S. GAAP. Net sales is a key measure used by the chief operating decision maker of each segment for purposes of assessing performance. A reconciliation of net sales to sales is shown below:

(In millions)	Q3 2013	Q4 2013	Q1 2014	Q2 2014	Q3 2014	YTD Q3 2013	YTD Q3 2014
Film Products	\$157.2	\$151.4	\$149.2	\$146.0	\$143.1	\$469.8	438.3
Aluminum Extrusions	78.5	73.2	79.3	84.6	89.6	236.3	253.4
Total net sales	235.7	224.6	228.5	230.6	232.7	706.1	691.7
Add back freight	7.5	6.5	6.7	6.4	7.7	22.1	20.9
Sales as shown in consolidated statements of income	\$243.2	\$231.1	\$235.2	\$237.0	\$240.4	\$728.2	\$712.6

				Ŷ	LTM
(In millions)	2010	2011	2012	2013	Sept 2014
Film Products	\$520.8	\$535.5	\$611.9	\$621.2	\$589.7
Aluminum Extrusions	199.6	240.4	245.5	309.5	326.6
Total net sales	720.4	775.9	857.4	930.7	916.3
Add back freight	17.8	18.5	24.8	28.6	
Sales as shown in consolidated statements of income	\$738.2	\$794.4	\$882.2	\$959.3	\$943.7

2. Adjusted EBITDA represents net income (loss) from continuing operations before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, unusual items, goodwill impairments, gains or losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings, gains or losses from the sale of assets, investment write-downs or write-ups, charges related to stock option awards accounted for under the fair value-based method and other items. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that is not intended to represent net income (loss) or cash flow from operations as defined by U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as either an alternative to net income (loss) (as an indicator of operating performance) or to cash flow (as a measure of liquidity). Tredegar uses Adjusted EBITDA as a measure of unlevered (debt-free) operating cash flow.

We also use it when comparing relative enterprise values of manufacturing companies and when measuring debt capacity. When comparing the valuations of a peer group of manufacturing companies, we express enterprise value as a multiple of Adjusted EBITDA. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is preferable to operating profit and other GAAP measures when applying a comparable multiple approach to enterprise valuation because it excludes the items noted above, measures of which may vary among peer companies.

A reconciliation of ongoing operating profit (loss) from continuing operations to Adjusted EBITDA is shown on the next page. Amounts relating to corporate overhead for the prior years have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation. Adjusted EBITDA for Aluminum Extrusions in 2012 includes an adjustment of \$2.4 million for accelerated depreciation associated with the shutdown of its manufacturing facility in Kentland, IN. Accelerated depreciation associated with the shutdown of the Kentland manufacturing facility was excluded from operating profit from ongoing operations. This amount has therefore been subtracted from the amount of depreciation expense added back in calculating Adjusted EBITDA.



lotes (continued):		Film	Aluminum	
2013		oducts	Extrusions	Total
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations Add back depreciation & amortization	\$	71.0 S 35.3		
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead (a) Corporate overhead	26	106.3	27.5 -	133.8 (31.3)
Adjusted EBITDA (c)	\$	106.3	\$ 27.5 \$	
Net sales (b) Adjusted EBITDA margin [(a) / (b)]	\$	621.2 \$ 17.1%	\$ 309.5 \$ 8.9%	930.7 14.4%
Capital expenditures (d) Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures [(c) - (d)]	\$	64.9 \$ 41.4	\$ 14.7 \$ 12.8	79.7 22.9
2012 Degrating profit (loss) from ongoing operations Add back depreciation & amortization Less accelerated depreciation associated with plant shutdown	\$	70.0 S 39.2	\$ 9.0 \$ 10.0 (2.4)	79.0 49.2 (2.4)
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead (a) Corporate overhead	20.	109.2 -	16.6 -	125.8 (22.3)
Adjusted EBITDA (c)	\$	109.2	\$ 16.6 \$	103.5
let sales (b) djusted EBITDA margin [(a) / (b)]	\$	611.9 17.8%	\$ 245.5 \$ 6.8%	857.4 14.7%
Capital expenditures (d) Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures [(c) - (d)]	\$	30.5 \$ 78.7	\$ 2.3 \$ 14.3	33.3 70.2
2011				
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations Add back depreciation & amortization	\$	59.5 \$ 36.3	8.3	44.6
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead (a) Corporate overhead		95.8 -	11.8	107.6 (15.5)
Adjusted EBITDA (c)	\$	95.8\$	11.8 \$	92.1
Net sales (b) Adjusted EBITDA margin [(a) / (b)]	\$	535.5 \$ 17.9%	\$ 240.4 \$ 4.9%	775.9 13.9%
Capital expenditures (d) Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures [(c) - (d)]	\$	13.1 9 82.7	\$ 2.7 \$ 9.1	15.9 76.2

	-	ilm ducts		ninum Isions	Total
2010					
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations	\$	66.7	\$	(4.2) \$	62.5
Add back depreciation & amortization		34.4		9.1	43.5
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead (a)	0	101.1		4.9	106.0
Corporate overhead		-		-	(16.2)
Adjusted EBITDA (c)	\$	101.1	\$	4.9 \$	89.8
Net sales (b)	\$	520.8	\$	199.6 \$	720.4
Adjusted EBITDA margin [(a) / (b)]		19.4%		2.5%	14.7%
Capital expenditures (d)	\$	15.8	\$	4.3 \$	20.4
Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures [(c) - (d)]	•	85.3	•	0.6	69.4
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014					
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations	\$	44.9	\$	18.6 \$	63.5
Add back depreciation & amortization	Ψ	23.2	Ψ	7.5	30.7
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead (a)	W	68.1		26.1	94.2
Corporate overhead		00.1		20.1	(16.5)
Adjusted EBITDA (c)	\$	68.1	Φ.	26.1 \$	
,					
Net sales (b)	\$	438.3	\$	253.4 \$	691.7
Adjusted EBITDA margin [(a) / (b)]		15.5%		10.3%	13.6%
Capital expenditures (d)	\$	27.4	\$	5.2 \$	32.6
Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures [(c) - (d)]		40.7		20.9	45.1
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013					
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations	\$	55.4	\$	12.3 \$	67.7
Add back depreciation & amortization		26.8	-	6.9	33.7
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead (a)	9-	82.2		19.2	101.4
Corporate overhead		-			(23.7)
Adjusted EBITDA (c)	\$	82.2	\$	19.2 \$	
Net sales (b)	\$	469.8	\$	236.3 \$	706.1
Adjusted EBITDA margin [(a) / (b)]	Ψ	17.5%	Ψ	8.1%	14.4%
Adjusted EBITDA margin [(a) / (b)]		17.570		0.170	14.470
Capital expenditures (d)	\$	47.2	\$	7.5 \$	54.7
Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures [(c) - (d)]		35.0		11.7	23.0
Trailing Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2014					
Operating profit (loss) from ongoing operations	\$	60.5	\$	24.5 \$	85.0
Add back depreciation & amortization		31.6	•	9.9	41.5
Adjusted EBITDA before corporate overhead (a)	\$ T	92.1		34.4	126.5
Corporate overhead		-		-	(24.0)
Adjusted EBITDA (c)	\$	92.1	\$	34.4 \$	
•					
Net sales (b)	\$	589.7	\$	326.6 \$	
Adjusted EBITDA margin [(a) / (b)]		15.6%		10.5%	13.8%
Capital expenditures (d)	\$	45.1	\$	12.4 \$	57.5
Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures [(c) - (d)]		47.0		22.0	45.0



Notes (continued):

Notes (continued):

The after-tax effects of losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings and gains or losses from the sale of assets and other items (which includes unrealized gains and losses for an investment accounted for under the fair value method) have been presented separately and removed from income (loss) and earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations as reported under U.S. GAAP to determine Tredegar's presentation of net income and earnings per share from ongoing operations. Net income and earnings per share from ongoing operations are key financial and analytical measures used by Tredegar to gauge the operating performance of its ongoing operations. They are not intended to represent the stand-alone results for Tredegar's ongoing operations under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income or earnings per share from continuing operations as defined by U.S. GAAP. They exclude items that we believe do not relate to Tredegar's ongoing operations. A reconciliation is shown below:

(in millions, except per share data)

Net income (loss) from continuing operations as reported under U.S. GAAP

(Gains) losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings (Gains) losses from sale of assets and other

Net income from ongoing operations

Earnings (loss) from continuing operations per share under GAAP (diluted)

(Gains) losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings (Gains) losses from sale of assets and other

Earnings per share from ongoing operations (diluted)

۱	ın	millions,	except	per	share	data)

Net income (loss) from continuing operations as reported under U.S. GAAP After tax effects of:

(Gains) losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings

(Gains) losses from sale of assets and other

Goodwill impairment relating to aluminum extrusions business

Net income from ongoing operations

Earnings (loss) from continuing operations per share under GAAP (diluted) After tax effects of:

(Gains) losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings

(Gains) losses from sale of assets and other

Goodwill impairment relating to aluminum extrusions business

Earnings per share from ongoing operations (diluted)

										YTD		YTD
Q3 2013		Q4 2013		13 Q1 201		Q2 2014		Q3 2014		Q3 2013	Q	3 2014
\$	7.4	\$	9.4	\$	8.5	\$	3.8	\$	10.7	26.5	\$	23.0
									10			
	0.1		0.4		0.8		0.6		0.3	0.5		1.7
	2.3		(1.0)		0.2		6.7		(2.2)	1.5		4.8
\$	9.8	\$	8.8	\$	9.5	\$	11.1	\$	8.8	28.5	\$	29.5
\$	0.23	\$	0.29	\$	0.26	\$	0.11	\$	0.33	0.81	\$	0.70
9												
	-		0.01		0.02		0.02		0.01	0.02		0.05
	0.07		(0.03)		0.01		0.21		(0.07)	0.05		0.15
\$	0.30	\$	0.27	\$	0.29	\$	0.34	\$	0.27	0.88	\$	0.90

						LTM		
2010		2011	2012	2013	Sept 2014			
\$	26.8	\$ 28.5	\$ 43.2	\$ 35.9	\$	32.4		
	0.9	1.2	3.2	0.9		2.1		
	1.0	(1.8)	(7.9)	0.5		3.8		
	-	-	-	-		-		
\$	28.7	\$ 27.9	\$ 38.5	\$ 37.3	\$	38.3		
					Ü	-		
\$	0.82	\$ 0.89	\$ 1.34	\$ 1.10	\$	0.99		
					(5)			
	0.03	0.04	0.10	0.03		0.06		
	0.03	(0.06)	(0.24)	0.02		0.12		
	-	-	-	-	U			
\$	0.88	\$ 0.87	\$ 1.20	\$ 1.15	\$	1.17		



Notes (continued):

4. Net debt is a non-GAAP financial measure that is not intended to represent debt as defined by GAAP, but is utilized by management in evaluating financial leverage and equity valuation. A calculation of net debt is shown below:

(In millions)	Septe	ember 30,
**		2014
Debt	\$	138.8
Less: Cash and cash equivalents		(51.9)
Net debt	\$	86.8

5. Net debt-to-capitalization is a non-GAAP financial measure that is used by management in evaluating financial leverage and equity valuation. The calculation is Net Debt divided by Total Capitalization. A reconciliation of net debt-to-capitalization is shown below:

(In millions except percentages)	Septe	mber 30,
	2	2014
Net debt (see note 4) (a)	\$	86.8
Shareholders' equity (b)		415.0
Net debt-to-capitalization [(a) / (a+b)]	£:	17.3%



Notes (continued):

6. Operating profit from ongoing operations is used by management to assess profitability. A reconciliation of operating profit from ongoing operations to net income is shown below:

Operating profit (loss):						1	YTD	YTD		LTM
(in thousands)	83	2010	2011	2012	2013	Q	3 2013	Q3 2014	Se	ept 2014
Film Products:										
Ongoing operations	\$	66,718 \$	59,493 \$	69,950 \$	70,966	\$	55,351 \$	44,891	\$	60,506
Plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings, gain										
from sale of assets and other items		(758)	(6,807)	(109)	(671)		(364)	(12,578)		(12,885)
Aluminum Extrusions:										
Ongoing operations		(4,154)	3,457	9,037	18,291		12,351	18,563		24,503
Plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings, gain										
from sale of assets and other items		493	58	(5,427)	(2,748)		(958)	(300)		(2,090)
81										30
Total		62,299	56,201	73,451	85,838		66,380	50,576		70,034
Interest income		709	1,023	418	594		307	419		706
Interest expense		1,136	1,926	3,590	2,870		2,132	1,751		2,489
Gain on sale of investment property		-	-	-	-		-	1,208		1,208
Unrealized loss on investment property		-	-	-	(1,018)		(1,018)	-		-
Gain (loss) from an investment accounted for under the fair value method		(2,200)	1,600	16,100	3,400		100	2,900		6,200
Stock option-based compensation costs		2,064	1,940	1,432	1,155		859	944		1,240
Corporate expenses,net		17,118	16,169	23,443	31,857		24,058	17,291		25,090
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		40,490	38,789	61,504	52,932		38,720	35,117		49,329
Income taxes		13,649	10,244	18,319	16,995		12,185	12,141	1	16,951
Income (loss) from continuing operations		26,841	28,545	43,185	35,937		26,535	22,976		32,378
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax		186	(3,690)	(14,934)	(13,990)		(13,990)	850		850
Net income (loss)	\$	27,027 \$	24,855 \$	28,251 \$	21,947	\$	12,545 \$	23,826	\$	33,228



Notes (continued):

7. Return on invested capital (ROIC) is defined by Tredegar as Adjusted Net Income from Ongoing Operations divided by average Invested Capital where the individual components are defined as follows:

Adjusted Net Income from Ongoing Operations equals:

Income from Ongoing Operations (as previously defined and reconciled in Note 2)

Pension expense excluding service costs, net of taxes

Plus Interest expense, net of tax

Average Invested Capital is the average of the beginning and ending Invested Capital balance where Invested Capital is defined as follows:

Shareholders equity

Plus

Plus Short-term portion of long-term debt

Plus Accrued pension liability

Minus Cash

(a) / (b)

ROIC

Minus Non-operating investments (investment in kaleo, Inc.; Harbinger Capital Special Situations Fund, L.P. and investment real estate property)

ROIC for the LTM ended September 30, 2014 is calculated as follows:

(\$ millions, except percentages)			Septembe	r 30,	2014
Income from Ongoing Operations				\$	38.3 *
Pension expense			8.6		
Less: Service Costs			(1.8)		
Taxes (34%)			(2.3)		
Pension expense excluding service costs, net of taxes				56	4.5
Interest expense			2.5		
Taxes (34%)			(0.9)		
Interest Expense, net of tax		50	` `		1.6
Adjusted Net Income from Ongoing Operations (a)				\$	44.4
	Septem	ber :	30,		
	2014		2013	Α	verage
Shareholders equity	\$ 415.0	\$	376.7	\$	395.9
Long-term debt	138.8		134.0		136.4
Short-term portion of long-term debt	_		_		_
Accrued pension liability	36.9		77.1		57.0
Less: Cash	(51.9)		(42.6)		(47.3)
Less: Non-operating investments	. ,		. ,		. ,
Investment in kaleo, Inc.	(40.0)		(33.8)		(36.9)
Investment in Harbinger Capital Special Situations Fund, L.P.	(1.8)		(3.2)		(2.5)
Investment in real estate property	(2.6)		(5.9)		(4.3)
Invested Capital (b)	, ,			\$	498.3
BOIO (-) / (-)					0.007



^{*} See Note 2 for additional detail and a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure.

Notes (continued):

8. The pre-tax and after-tax effects of losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings and gains or losses from the sale of assets and other items (which includes unrealized gains and losses for an investment accounted for under the fair value method) have been presented separately and removed from income (loss) from continuing operations as reported under U.S. GAAP to determine Tredegar's presentation of net income from ongoing operations. Net income from ongoing operations is a key financial and analytical measure used by Tredegar to gauge the operating performance of its ongoing operations. It is not intended to represent the stand-alone results for Tredegar's ongoing operations under U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income from continuing operations as defined by U.S. GAAP. It excludes items that we believe do not relate to Tredegar's ongoing operations. A reconciliation of the pre-tax and post-tax balances attributed to net income from ongoing operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are shown below in order to show its impact upon the effective tax rate:

(in millions)

	Pi	re-Tax	Ī	laxes	After-Tax		Effective Tax Rate
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014		(a)		(b)			(b)/(a)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations as reported under U.S. GAAP	\$	35.1	\$	12.1	\$	23.0	35%
(Gains) losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings		2.7		1.0		1.7	
(Gains) losses from sale of assets and other		6.9		2.1		4.8	
Net income from ongoing operations	\$	44.7	\$	15.2	\$	29.5	34%
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013							
Net income (loss) from continuing operations as reported under U.S. GAAP	\$	38.7	\$	12.2	\$	26.5	32%
(Gains) losses associated with plant shutdowns, asset impairments and restructurings	-	0.8		0.3		0.5	
(Gains) losses from sale of assets and other		1.6		0.1		1.5	
Net income from ongoing operations	\$	41.1	\$	12.6	\$	28.5	31%



